SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXXVII. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1872. NUMBER 242.

THE ELECTIONS.

Official Returns.

PENNSYLVANIA.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREENSBURG, October 11, 1872.

The following are the official majorities for Governor, Supreme Judge, Auditor General and Congress in Westmoreland county: Buckalew, 894; Thompson, 820; Hartley, 895, Foster, 990.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, October 11, 1872.

The following are the official majorities in Washington county: Hartranft, Governor, 354; Allen, Auditor General, 425; Mercur, Supreme Judge, 330; Congressmen at Large, average, 480; Moore, for Congress, 415; Rutan, for Senate, 329.

J. A. McILVAINE.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLARION, October 11, 1872.

The following is the official vote for Governor in Clarion county: Buckalew, 3,583; Hartranft, 2,730.

J. H. PATRICK.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KITTANNING, October 11, 1872.

The following are the official majorities in this county: Hartranft, for Governor, 965; McClay, for Senator, 1,052.

A. G. HENRY.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WAYNESBURG, October 11, 1872.

The following is the official vote of Greene county: For Governor—Buckalew, 3,450; Hartranft, 1,795; for Supreme Judge—Thompson, 1,606 majority; for Congress—McClelland, 1,637.

W.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—Montgomery county gives Buckalew 33 majority; Morris, Democratic, and Nyce, Republican, are elected to the Legislature.

Dauphin county gives Hartranft 2,327 majority.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—The following are official majorities: Democratic—Cumberland county, 439; Northampton county, 3,141; Bucks county, 378; Wyoming county, 260; Montour county, 246; Adams county, 273; Berks county, 6,042; Lycoming county, 408.

Republican—Susquehanna, 961; Delaware, 1,709. Hester Clymer, Democrat, for Congress, has 6,671 majority.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—Lebanon county (official returns) gives 1,461 majority for Hartranft, and 1,340 majority for Killinger (Republican) for Congress.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 11.—The additional official returns received to-day do not materially change the result in last night's dispatches. The majority for Hendricks will be between 600 and 700. The balance of the State ticket, including the Congressman at large, with perhaps the exception of the candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, is Republican.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 11.—The following are the majorities in the Congressional districts, nearly official, for Congressmen: First District, Democratic, 142; Second District, Democratic, 6,345; Third District, Democratic, 997; Fourth District, Republican, 937; 5th District, Republican, 924; Sixth District, Republican, 859; Seventh District, Republican, 493; Eighth District, Republican, 366; Ninth District Republican, 3,000; Tenth District, Republican, 967; Eleventh District, Republican, 876.

NEW YORK.

Flags at Half-mast in Respect to the Memory of Wm. H. Seward—The Tammany Thieves—Death of "Fanny Fern"—Comparative Cotton Statement — Harbor News—Economy in the Department of Public Works.

NEW YORK, October 11, 1872.

REGRET AT SEWARD'S DEATH.

The Union League Club last night adopted resolutions expressive of regret at the death of William H. Seward.

The announcement of Mr. Seward's death is received in this city with feelings of sorrow, and flags are displayed at half mast from many of the public buildings and hotels to-day in respect to his memory.

PROSECUTING TAMMANY THIEVES.

Attorney General Barlow went before the Grand Jury on Tuesday, and made an unsuccessful attempt to have another indictment presented against Mayor Hall.

It is said that fifty thousand dollars have been already expended in prosecuting the late "ring," and that a new indictment is being prepared against Tweed so as to bring his trial before Judge Brady.

Andrew Garvey has been before the Grand Jury two days.

A morning paper says: It was learned yesterday that Tom Nast left the city last Friday. He does not intend to return, as he was afraid to take any risks in standing his trial.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

Receipts at all ports for the week, 90,096 bales; same time last year, 66,992; total for the year, 320,857; last year, 189,685. Exports for the week, 7,469; same time last year, 15,670; for the year, 62,104; last year, 70,951. Stock at all United States ports, 194,193; last year, 144,571; at interior towns, 22,104; last year, 28,219; at Liverpool, 627,000; last year, 471,000. American afloat for Great Britain, 21,000; last year, 33,000.

RESPECT TO THE MEMORY OF MR. SEWARD.

The United States Courts adjourned to-day as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Seward. Judges Blatchford and Benedict, District Attorney Davis and Messrs. Choate, Bellman and R. D. Benedict made addresses. The Supreme Court also adjourned, and to-morrow the Bar Association will hold a meeting.

FAILED TO APPEAR.

Chief of Police McWilliams, of Jersey City, has not yet appeared to answer the charges of complicity in the bank burglary. The District Attorney will move for a forfeit of his bonds—$20,000.

ECONOMY.

Commissioner Van Nort, of the Department of Public Works, notes a reduction of four millions in the expenses of his Department during the past eight months, compared with the corresponding months in the previous year.

MARINE NEWS.

There were in port on Wednesday forty-eight ships, one hundred and eighteen barks, ninety-three brigs, and ninety-seven schooners, representing 147,184 tons, and forty-eight steamers.

ANTI-CRUELTY BERGH.

Anti-Cruelty Bergh appeared before Judge Dowling as prosecutor yesterday, claiming authorization from the Attorney General. The Judge declined to recognize him.

A NEGRO SENTENCED TO DEATH.

The man Fogge, burned to death in the Elizabeth street fire yesterday, is reported to be an Italian nobleman banished for political offences, and living under an assumed name.

A DISHONEST JUSTICE.

Peace Justice Browne, of Morrisiana, yesterday plead guilty to a charge for which he was indicted, of holding some two hundred dollars of the county's money received from fines.

FRENCH EMIGRATION.

The Commissioners of Emigration have given permission to the Society of Alsace and Lorraine to have an agent at the Emigrant Depot.

DEATH OF "FANNIE FERN."

Sarah Payson Willis, wife of James Parton, otherwise known as "Fanny Fern," died in this city yesterday.

CAIRO.

Horrible Railway Butchery—Two Persons Killed and Fourteen Wounded.

CAIRO, ILLS., October 11.—The ladies' car of the express train on the Paducah & Elizabethtown Railroad jumped the track last night, eight miles from Paducah, and went down an embankment forty feet, landing bottom upwards, and demolishing the passenger car. Nearly all of the passengers were more or less injured. Two were killed outright, a little girl named Georgia Jordan, of Clarksville, and Neal Jones, a tobacco agent for the Hallan Government. He was found standing on his feet, leaning against the car, dead. The wounded are A. S. Harrington, Henry Burnett, Mrs. Tom Bogus, Mrs. J. Cobb, Mrs. Livingston, Miss Mattie Rose, J. Levy, Col. Baker, editor of Paducah, and Mrs. Cameron Thompson, of Cincinnati; Mrs. Seymour Perkins, of Elkton, Kentucky; Mrs. N. H. Cobb, of New Albany, Ind.; Mrs. Cook, of Clarksville, Miss.; John H. Baker, of Louisville, and Dudley Cashey, of Christian county, Ky.

The wife of Jas. Beverly, clerk of the steamer James Fisk, had her hair caught in a wheelbox that it was necessary to cut it off close to her head before she could be released. Her child, which she had in her arms, was unhurt. Mrs. Cobb, of Paducah, had her leg so badly fractured as to necessitate amputation. Her condition is critical. Much credit is due to the citizens of Paducah, who were promptly on the spot with surgical aid, and did everything possible to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded.

BALTIMORE.

Fatal Shooting.

BALTIMORE, October 11.—While a torchlight procession was passing the Republican headquarters, on Gay street, last night, a difficulty occurred with parties on the sidewalks. A pistol shot was fired, and Samuel Barrett, a spectator, who is employed in the United States Appraiser's Store, was fatally shot. He cannot survive.

Later in the evening, while the procession was passing through Absgluth street, a difficulty occurred with some colored men, when another pistol shot was fired, the ball striking Geo. W. Barnett, a colored boy. The boy died this morning.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Newspaper Office Blown Up.

RALEIGH, October 11.—The building in which the *Daily Sentinel* is printed was nearly destroyed about one o'clock this morning by the explosion of powder, which some unknown party placed under the press room. Everything in the room was thrown into confusion and the press completely demolished. The explosion caused great excitement, and crowds flocked to the scene. The *Sentinel* is a conservative paper.

THE CAPITAL.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

TRIBUTE TO WM. H. SEWARD.

Civil Service Examination.

INDIANS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, October 11, 1872.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The revolution of another year has again brought a time when it is usual to look back upon the past and publicly thank the Almighty for His mercies and His blessings, and

WHEREAS, If any one people has more occasion than another for such thankfulness, it is the citizens of the United States, whose Government is their creature, subject to their heshes, who have reserved to themselves ample civil and religious freedom and equality before the law, who during the last twelve months have enjoyed exemption from any grievous or general calamity, and to whom prosperity in agriculture, manufactures and commerce has been vouchsafed.

Therefore, by these considerations, I recommend that on Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of November next, the people meet in their respective places of worship, and there make acknowledgment to God for His kindness and bounty.

In witness whereof I hereunto set my hand and cause the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this eleventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

By the President.

HAMILTON FISH,
Secretary of State.

INDIAN DELEGATIONS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The various Indian delegations now here visited the Executive Mansion to-day. The President, through an interpreter, informed the Indians that the effort of the Government was to advance them in civilization and preserve their lives by encouraging them to industrial pursuits and making them comfortable homes. The white people are now so numerous and increasing so rapidly as to crowd the Indians, and therefore it was necessary for the Indians to abandon their roaming life, but have fixed places of abode. The sooner they understood and valued this fact, the better for them and their children.

The President said that he had said nothing more to say except through the Secretary of the Interior. The Indians listened attentively, but no invitation was given them to respond. The President and Secretaries, four of whom were present, will not attend a cabinet meeting which was attended by all except Secretary Robeson and Attorney General Williams, and the Indians, after examining the premises, left for their quarters.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF WM. H. SEWARD'S DEATH.

The following was issued this afternoon:

Department of State, Washington, Oct. 11, 1872.

—The undersigned is charged by the President with the painful duty of announcing to the people of the United States the death of an illustrious citizen. William Henry Seward, distinguished for faithful and eminent service in varied public trusts during a long series of years, died at Auburn, in the State of New York, yesterday morning. Chandler P. Wright, Administration of the Department of State, at a most critical period in the history of the nation. Mr. Seward brought to the duties of that office a mind richly furnished, untiring industry, and consummate ability. A grateful nation will cherish his name, his fame and his memory. The several executive departments will cause appropriate honors to be rendered to the memory of the deceased statesman at home and abroad.

HAMILTON FISH,
Secretary of State.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

In the northwest, and thence to the middle Mississippi and lower Ohio valleys, southerly to westerly winds, diminishing pressure and warmer and partly cloudy weather; on the upper lakes and over Michigan, southerly to westerly winds, clearing weather and occasional rain; on the lower lakes, northerly winds, veering to southwesterly, with higher temperature, and partly cloudy weather on Saturday; also in the Missouri valley, northerly winds, cool, clear weather and light northerly winds; in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, northerly to easterly winds, and partly cloudy weather, with possibly occasional light rains on the latter. Frosts are probable on Saturday night for the Mountain States of the Alleghenies and Blue Ridge. The Mississippi River will probably continue falling slightly from St. Louis to New Orleans.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

The first of a series of five competitive examinations under the civil service rules for the purpose of filling first class vacancies now existing in the Treasury Department took place to day at the rooms of the Board of Examiners of that Department. Forty-four candidates were present, fourteen of whom were women. Three names of those who fail to be appointed will be carried forward and brought into competition with those of the candidates of four subsequent examinations, so that each competitor in effect competes for any one of the whole number of vacancies.

TREASURY REGULATIONS AMENDED.

The Treasury Regulation, chapter six of the ware house regulations, has been so amended as to allow transportation and exportation of merchandise from Pembina by way of Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago, Port Huron or Detroit to Canada; also to allow the same kind of transportation and exportation from Duluth via Pembina to British North America, on the Red River.

FUNERAL OF CAPTAIN DAVENPORT.

The funeral of the late Captain Davenport, of the United States Navy, took place to-day in the Metropolitan Methodist church. The remains were conveyed to Oak Hill Cemetery, under the escort of a battalion of marines. A number of navy officers attended, including the highest ranks.

THE OLD WORLD.

Prince Napoleon Ordered to Leave France —Thiers on the Situation—German Men-of-War Going on a Cruise Around the World.

FRANCE.

PRINCE NAPOLEON ORDERED TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY.

PARIS, October 11.—Prince Napoleon and Princess Clothilde, who are in this city, have received notice to leave France. The Prince replied to the agent of the Government who brought the summons by refusing to quit his native land, insisting on his rights as a citizen, and declaring that he would yield only to force, and the Princess answered that she would only leave France between two gens d' arms.

PERSONAL.

Robert C. Schenk, American Minister to London, passed through Paris to-day, on his way to Italy.

COMMUNISTS TRANSPORTED.

Transports sailed this week with 580 more Communists for the penal colonies.

THIERS ON THE SITUATION.

Thiers, in the course of his remarks before the Permanent Commission of the Assembly yesterday, used the following words: "Europe has rendered us justice at Berlin. Our army is recovering, and our credit is excellent." These assurances were received with cheers by the members of the Commission.

PARIS, October 11—*Midnight*.—Prince Napoleon has yielded to the peremptory order of the Government and left Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SURPRISE AT WM. H. SEWARD'S DEATH.

LONDON, October 11.—The announcement of the death of William H. Seward was received in England with great surprise, no intimation of his illness whatever having reached here.

The *Daily News*, in an obituary, says: "The statesman has met an unpopular but worthy end of his rather peremptory bearing, he leaves behind him a great example for vigor, energy and success.

GERMANY.

A CRUISE AROUND THE WORLD.

BERLIN, October 11.—A fleet of five German men-of-war is now fitting out for a cruise around the world, the expedition will be under command of Admiral Werner, and will be gone eighteen months. The fleet sails directly for the West Indies, and then will proceed to New Orleans and other ports in the United States.

SPAIN.

COUNTERFEITS ON THE BANK OF SPAIN.

MADRID, October 11.—The public refuse to take the notes of the Bank of Spain, on account of a number of counterfeits in circulation, and the shares of the bank have fallen five per cent, in consequence.

ARKANSAS.

Grand Excitement in Osceola—Fight Between Negroes and Whites.

MEMPHIS, October 11.—Serious trouble between whites and blacks at Osceola, a little town forty miles above here on the Arkansas shore, had been brewing there for several days, which culminated on Wednesday evening in a fight, in which one negro was killed and several wounded. The trouble originated in the killing of Murray, the Sheriff, some six weeks since, by Fitzpatrick, the County Register, and the breaking up of a Conversative meeting last week, as reported at the time. Fitzpatrick was to have been tried this week, and to prevent the trial coming off, it is believed, he incited the negroes to arm and surround the town, when the whites in turn arrived and drove them off, as stated above. The officers of the Court and some merchants with a portion of their goods arrived here late last night, the negroes having threatened to return and burn the town. The greatest excitement prevailed there at last accounts.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Congratulatory Meeting.

SPEECH BY SENATOR MORTON.

The Late Contest Reviewed.

GRANT'S RE-ELECTION ASSURED

INDIANAPOLIS, October 11.—The Republican meeting at the Wigwam to-night for congratulation was addressed by Gen. Brown, Senator Morton, Hon. J. W. Gordon and Hon. Jason B. Brown. The following is a brief extract of Senator Morton's speech:

All have conceded that if the Republican party carried Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana in October, carried the Presidential question was settled in favor of Gen. Grant. If, on the other hand, these three States, or two of them, were carried by the Democrats in October, it still left the Presidential question open, because many Democrats from the first have declared that they would not vote for Horace Greeley under any circumstances. After a campaign in which the Democrats have worked with desperation, and personal defamation and calumny have been unwonted in malignity, especially in Pennsylvania and Indiana, Pennsylvania has been carried by 30,000 majority, and will give over 50,000 for Grant. Ohio has been carried by over 5,000, and will give more than twice that majority in November. We carried Indiana in 1868 by only 961, though the real honest majority was probably not less than 5,000, and Gen. Grant carried the State by nearly 16,000 the next month. In 1870 the election almost went by default, and we were beaten beaten about 2,500. We entered this face with that majority against us. Mr. Hendricks started out with the assurance that he would receive 10,000 majority. Half a dozen men who left the Republican party announced that they would lead over from 11,000 to 15,000 Liberals to the Democrats. The campaign has been bitter. The assaults on General Brown have been peculiarly malignant. The result is that General Brown seems, as the figures are reported, to be defeated by a few hundred, while the Republicans have elected the Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, the Attorney General, the Congressmen at Large, ten or eleven in all out of the thirteen Congressmen, and a majority in both Houses of the legislature. I predict that when the official count comes in it will turn out that the State officers I have named have received a larger vote than Mr. Hendricks, and that if elected, he has been elected by a minority.

Indiana is Republican. Mr. Voorhees' defeat is full of significance. Elected two years ago by about 1,400 majority, and personally very popular, he has just been defeated by about 900 majority. He has done congress and everybody spoken his honest sentiments last summer, when no honest Democrat could vote for Greeley with any self respect, and the Democrats then responded to it. His sudden reversal of position and grave falsification of Mr. Greeley when here have been rebuked by his disgusted constituents.

The unprincipled and mercenary coalition has been dissolved. I am sure, however, that the Democrats would have been strong without the coalition. The Greeley delusion has passed away like a noxious vapor. Nearly all of their papers have given up the contest. The Germans and Indianans have vindicated their intelligence and independence. No man owns them. No politician carries them in his vest pocket. From the first I have believed they could not be seduced from the Republican party and its principles. I believe that, taking it altogether, we received as many German votes on Tuesday last as at any period.

Mr. Niblack, too, who had before 2,250 majority, has now, it is said, but one hundred and twenty-five, and Mr. Orth, when reported as Mr. Hilman, the Republican candidate, may be elected. So General Manson, at Lafayette, has been defeated, and the Legislature, elected two years ago, a ticket which he hoped never to see again, is now succeeded in both branches by a Republican majority. It is a substantial victory, full of results. In November we shall give General Grant not less than 10,000, and probably 20,000 majority.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS,

From Various Points.

—The remains of Fannie Fern will be taken to Boston for interment.

—The funeral of Mr. Seward takes place at half-past two on Monday.

—A destructive fire was raging in Bangor, Maine, at the hour of going to press.

—Mr. James McCarty was killed on the Lehigh and Susquehanna railroad last Thursday night.

—Don Carlos Martin, the new Colombian Minister, delivered his credentials to President Grant yesterday.

—It is said that Sir Rounder Palmer is to be elevated to the Peerage, under the title of Baron Selbourne.

—The sailors of Milwaukee have struck for four dollars a day, and refuse to ship until their demands are conceded.

—Thomas Cunningham, the forger of Mississippi bonds, has been sentenced to serve five years in the State Prison.

—Additional military constabulary forces have been ordered to Lesbury, Ireland, as an anti-Catholic disturbance is threatened in that town.

—James R. Spalding, founder of the New York *World*, and more recently connected with the New York *Times*, died in Dover, N. H., on Thursday.

—Prince Napoleon has received a notice from the French Government that he will not be allowed to visit France or take up his residence in that country.

—The banquet to the Southern guests at the Galt House, in Louisville, last Wednesday night, was the most elegant affair of the kind ever given in that city.

—Five prisoners from the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island overpowered their keeper yesterday afternoon, and after disarming him, escaped in a boat to which they were attached as a crew.

—The Trustees of the Ohio Agricultural and Mechanical College have elected Hon. James Patterson, of New York, as President of that institution. The College will be ready for students next September.

—The extensive new furnace of the Mine La Mott Lead Company at Fredericktown, Mo., was burned on Thursday. The loss is a quarter million dollars. Five hundred men were thrown out of employment.

—Chief of Police McWilliams of Jersey City, who is under indictment for complicity in the burglary at the First National Bank of that city, and who gave bail in $20,000, to appear for trial, is believed to have fled.

—Gen. R. Kingsbury, Cashier of the Lackawanna Valley Bank in Scranton, Pa., was captured, beaten and gagged on Thursday night by three men, who unsuccessfully attempted to get possession of the keys of the bank.

—The New York *Tribune*, editorially, says it takes pleasure in withdrawing, in the fullest and promptest manner, the imputations upon Speaker Blaine in reference to the supposed transactions with the Pacific Railroad (Eastern Division) business.

—Six burglars were foiled in an attempt to rob the Merchants Bank at Montawan, New Jersey, on Monday night, by the courage of a colored woman, who escaped after they had handcuffed her, and gave the alarm to the citizens. The robbers succeeded in escaping.

—The body of a woman has been washed ashore at Fort Burwell, Ont., supposed to be that of Mrs. Julia Holiday, of Oswego. On her person were found a marriage certificate, two valuable gold rings and a draft on the Bank of Montreal to the amount of $700.

—The *Arizona Miner* of October 1st says Lieut. Max Kiesenpfort, with twenty-one men of the Fifth Cavalry, came upon the Apaches in force fifty miles from Prescott, and shot seventeen, when the Indians fled. In the ranchero corn and other stolen property was found, showing that the Indians killed down nations from Camp Verde reservation to September 20th.

—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company, held at Cincinnati yesterday, S. U. F. Oakley, Lewis B. Parsons and Jas. D. Lehmer, whose term of service had expired, were re-elected directors for the ensuing year, and at a meeting of the Board of Directors subsequently held, Daniel Torrence was re-elected President, and Albert N. Christie Vice President.

—A Washington special says it is stated that the report of the inspectors in the case of the disaster to the steamer Dean Richmond shows that the accident to the Westfield was excusable compared with the carelessness in this case. Although the boiler had been inspected within the year, yet the age of the boiler would have justified a more frequent inspection. It is understood that hereafter boilers over five years old shall be tested several times during the year, when in use.

—A Columbia (South Carolina) dispatch says that a man calling himself Captain Henry Carter has been arrested there for attempting to entrap Franklin Moses, the regular Gubernatorial nominee, by giving him letters purporting to be from President Grant and Assistant Secretary Richardson, promising him their support. Both letters were most glaring forgeries. Carter, on his arrest, disclosed the scheme, of which suspected prominent bolting Republicans were the instigators.

CHICAGO.

The Sunday Liquor Law to be Enforced—The Bricklayers' Strike.

CHICAGO, October 11.—Mayor Medill has issued a proclamation to the police authorities directing them to enforce the law forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors on the Sabbath day.

THE BRICKLAYERS' STRIKE.

The Union Bricklayers' eight hour strike is continued. Potter Palmer yesterday conceded to the demands of the workmen, which the contractors on his new hotel had refused. About fifty firms of contractors have entered into an agreement not to accede to the demands of the strikers under any circumstances.

A Washington dispatch says:—The President on Wednesday received a dispatch from Russell Errett, Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania, saying that under no circumstances must Forney be allowed to stump the State for Grant and Wilson, because the people will not listen to him, and have lost confidence in him."

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

The Election Returns.

GENERAL HARTRANFT'S MAJORITY 8,950.

Messrs. Hare and Richardson All Right.

Yesterday morning the Return Judges of Allegheny county assembled in the Common Pleas Court Room No. 1, to count up the official returns from the county, cast at the election on Tuesday.

There were but few spectators outside the railing. Inside were all the judges, who had responded promptly, and at half past ten o'clock the meeting was organized on motion of Mr. R. H. Fife, by calling Mr. W. W. Thompson to the chair.

Messrs. B. F. Kennedy, James K. Case, John Fleming and J. H. White were appointed Secretaries.

Mr. Bigelow called attention to the fact that on the tally lists the name of N. L. Chalfant appeared as a candidate for the Constitutional Convention instead of T. H. Baird Patterson. He therefore moved that all the votes returned for Mr. Chalfant be counted for Mr. Patterson.

Mr. Walters contended that such a course would be illegal.

Some discussion ensued, after which the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. Fife then moved that in calling the list of districts the clerks should commence at the bottom, so that the townships should be called first. Adopted.

The clerks then proceeded to call the list, and the returns were read as follows:

GOVERNOR, SUPREME JUDGE AND AUDITOR GENERAL.

DISTRICTS.	J. P. HARTRANFT, R.	C. R. Buckalew, D.	G. Mercur, R.	J. Thompson, D.	H. Allen, R.	Wm. Hartley, D.
PITTSBURGH.						
1st ward	378	357	386	338	376	360
2d ward	311	366	441	332	405	326
3d ward	257	186	270	188	263	184
4th ward	296	291	430	253	388	291
5th ward	152	496	175	491	152	493
6th ward	648	443	671	392	650	382
7th ward	520	286	520	286	503	283
8th ward	588	240	609	233	589	239
9th ward	324	366	328	361	324	36
10th ward	144	246	207	187	137	271
11th ward	537	305	415	271	531	291
12th ward, 1 p	305	238	322	238	306	252
12th ward, 2 p	261	221	269	210	261	221
13th ward, 1 p	304	162	269	148	252	156
13th ward, 2 p	70	73	73	70	71	70
14th ward	510	320	541	298	511	317
15th ward	250	294	267	277	252	294
16th ward, 1 p	130	141	146	138	130	142
16th ward, 2 p	202	95	212	93	202	95
17th ward	578	419	593	397	574	419
18th ward	72	65	77	62	73	64
19th ward	323	152	341	135	318	154
20th ward	281	161	318	147	276	164
21st ward, 1 p	174	142	191	132	174	142
21st ward, 2 p	14	11	14	11	14	11
22d ward	169	49	179	42	168	48
23d ward	192	137	201	127	190	137
ALLEGHENY.						
First ward	609	307	655	265	599	308
Second ward	1004	488	1046	439	1020	498
Third ward, 1 p	757	279	790	261	755	277
Third ward, 2 p	349	349	358	335	349	349
Fourth ward, 1 p	467	376	502	337	467	376
Fourth ward, 2 p	285	231	303	215	288	228
Fifth ward	570	258	608	230	563	260
Sixth ward	561	407	586	388	562	403
Seventh ward	333	333	348	318	332	370
Eighth ward	208	161	210	156	206	161
Ninth ward	131	147	135	145	132	142
BOROUGHS.						
Allentown	101	50	107	45	102	50
Braddocks	150	105	150	106	148	105
Birmingham, 1 p	347	195	239	169	352	194
Birmingham, 2 p	380	292	399	286	376	292
Bellevue	74	14	81	9	72	14
Charters	75	32	77	30	75	32
Etna	199	62	199	59	197	64
Elizabeth	181	80	183	77	183	81
E. Birm'h'm, 1 p	600	333	602	306	585	319
E. Birm'h'm, 2 p	374	228	366	217	379	229
Monongahela	74	97	74	91	73	97
Millvale	125	33	127	28	122	33
Mansfield	105	20	107	19	106	19
McKeesport	330	177	341	169	337	176
Mt. Washington	97	20	101	20	97	20
Ormsby	208	157	203	160	203	157
Sewickley	191	98	201	70	178	83
St. Clair	158	218	162	215	158	219
Sharpsburg	214	213	230	195	215	212
S. Pittsburgh	193	186	207	175	193	186
Temperanceville	200	148	202	147	201	148
Tarentum	125	41	129	27	125	40
Union	137	65	140	62	137	65
Wilkins	44	78	44	78	44	78
W. Elizabeth	73	44	78	39	74	44
W. Pittsburgh	93	187	92	183	94	185
TOWNSHIPS.						
Baldwin	90	73	89	73	89	73
Baldwin, 2 pre	185	53	190	49	186	53
Chartiers	227	135	236	124	228	136
Crescent	24	41	21	41	21	41
Elizabeth, 1 p	114	72	118	70	114	72
Elizabeth, 2 p	77	24	78	23	77	24
Elizabeth, 3 p	75	16	78	15	74	16
Elizabeth, 4 p	22	16	105	—	120	24
East Deer	147	60	6	—	147	60
Fawn	85	85	87	78	85	91
Ross, 2d pre't	66	99	71	95	67	98
S. Versailles, 1 p	27	51	70	51	54	51
S. Versailles, 2d p	43	34	46	32	44	34
S. Versailles, 3d p	61	68	61	61	61	68
Sewickley	36	18	36	17	36	17
South Fayette	163	56	163	57	164	56
Scott, 1st pre't	36	16	38	12	38	16
Scott, 2d pre't	73	53	73	52	72	52
Stowe	46	49	49	45	47	48
Shaler, 1 pre	118	25	119	26	—	—
Shaler, 2d pre	57	43	60	39	58	42
Snowden	160	55	158	57	160	55
Union	194	47	205	39	194	47
Upper St. Clair	82	61	85	59	82	61
West Deer	168	42	170	37	168	42
Wilkins, 1st pre	371	85	375	91	362	86
Wilkins, 2d pre	151	69	156	68	149	71

ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT.

DISTRICTS.	J. D. RAMSEY, R.	HYDE SAMPLE, R.	J. W. BALLANTINE, R.	A. B. YOUNG, R.	J. C. NEWCOMER, R.	W. C. McCOMBS, D.	John Bolmeier, G. Ref.	R. C. Ochmler, G. Ref.	R. J. Bigr, G. Ref.	W. F. Lugo, R.
ALLEGHENY.										
1st ward	619	624	621	622	623	257	266	258	257	257
2d ward	1080	1063	1 68	1064	1069	319	316	323	322	317
3d ward, 1 pre't	290	290	290	290	290	279	279	279	279	279
3rd ward, 2 pre't	346	344	345	344	346	3 14	3 14	326	326	314
4th ward, 1 pre't	367	367	367	367	367	367	367	367	367	367
4th ward, 2 pre't	300	301	301	302	302	222	222	222	221	219
5th ward	613	613	613	613	613	613	613	613	613	613
6th ward	562	571	574	565	565	565	565	565	565	565
7th ward	1 8	1 8	1 8	1 8	1 8	1 8	1 8	1 8	1 8	1 8
8th ward	213	202	215	214	214	154	154	167	155	154
9th ward	136	137	137	137	137	137	137	137	137	137
ALLEGHENY.										
Allentown	93	105	99	106	107	45	45	52	45	45
Braddocks	151	151	151	151	151	104	104	104	104	104
Birmingham, 1 p	196	196	196	196	196	183	183	183	183	183
Birmingham, 2 p	280	282	282	280	280	279	279	280	280	280
Bellevue	91	91	92	91	91	6	6	6	6	6
Charters	80	80	80	81	80	30	30	31	30	31
Etna	178	178	178	178	178	81	81	81	81	81
Elizabeth	182	182	182	182	182	81	81	81	81	81
E. Birm'h'm, 1 p	371	369	370	371	369	295	295	297	298	296
E. Birm'h'm, 2 p	370	370	370	370	370	370	370	370	370	370
Monongahela	74	74	74	74	74	98	98	98	98	98
Millvale	124	125	125	124	124	20	20	20	20	20
Mansfield	108	108	108	108	108	18	18	18	18	18
McKeesport	302	302	302	302	302	196	196	196	196	196
Mt. Wash'n	276	276	276	276	276	77	77	77	77	77
Ormsby	194	194	194	194	194	162	162	162	162	162
Sewickley	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210
St. Clair	166	166	166	166	166	216	216	216	220	216
Sharpsburg	274	274	274	274	274	186	186	186	186	186
S. Pittsburgh	146	146	146	146	146	142	142	142	142	142
Temperanceville	126	126	126	126	126	41	41	41	41	41
Tarentum	128	128	128	128	128	40	40	40	40	40
Union	48	48	48	48	48	14	14	14	14	14
Wilkins	103	103	103	103

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1872.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

HENRY WILSON.

Bonds at Frankfort 98.

Petroleum at Antwerp 53f.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 112¾@112⅞.

The official count of the vote in Allegheny county was made yesterday.

The feeling in England over the Alabama claims does not seem to subside. There is a sense of shame felt by several journals, and a war of crimination between several titled personages. In the meantime, we are quietly waiting for the money.

England has had the gratifying experience of reaping $1,500,000 out of the telegraph lines since they became the property of the Government. The success of our cousin across the water in that direction may have a strong influence in the United States for the introduction of the postal telegraph sy stem.

The English journals, several of which at the beginning of the canvass, believed in Greeley's success, now declare that his cause has utterly failed. The New York *Tribune*, however, still continues to figure up a majority for him. It is about the only journal in this country or Europe that dare even whistle to keep up Liberal courage.

The trial and punishment of the miserable Communists still continues in France. It is really hard to see wherein President Thiers ever expects to derive any benefit from this atrocious policy. It certainly will add no more strength to his government than it would have to ours, had we shot the rank and file of Lee and Johnston's armies. The policy of blood is not in much favor these days.

Tweed seems to be booming up to prominence once more. One day he is reported to have fled, and another, he is interviewed by reporters. He does not seem to be brought into court, nor is he likely to be very soon. The squabble, just at present is, to determine just what court he shall be tried in. He is confident of safely escaping through the meshes of the law,—which he may or may not do.

The death of Mrs. James Parton, better known in the world of literature as "Fanny Fern," is announced as having occurred in New York, yesterday. The deceased was a sister of the author and poet N. P. Willis, and partook largely of his culture and talent. She was a strong, sensible and vigorous writer, and contributed largely to the valuable current literature of the day, and perhaps with the pen accomplished as much towards the elevation of the minds of the young, and the correction of evils in those of the old, as any other female writer of her time. She was a plain, hard thinking good woman, and her loss will be deplored inside and outside of literary circles.

The intelligence from Paris, that Senator Sumner is rather worse than better, will occasion alarm among his friends, lest he should not be able to return home again at all. Senator Sumner suffered himself to be led astray by the political developments of the last year,—but this aside, there is a feeling of respect generally entertained for his character and services to the country. We regard it as the most unfortunate event of his life that he should have been betrayed into antagonism to President Grant. Yet should he die from the disease from which he is suffering while abroad, the belief will become general that his mind was possibly affected, and that he was not fully responsible for his conduct. At all events the country will sympathize with him in his sufferings.

The United States is not behind European nations in its endeavor to secure the best attainable arm. The Board of Army officers appointed by the Secretary of War, to test the various breech-loading systems of muskets and carbines, and to recommend the best arm for adoption in the military service, met recently in New York city, and, after a brief session, adjourned to reassemble at the Springfield Armory. The board, from the large number of specimens, at once rejected those that appeared unfit for service. After a comparison of samples of all the standard arms used in Europe, it was found that four or five of the American weapons were apparently better than any, or the famous French "chassepot" or the German "needle-gun." The choice of a system, it was believed, would be narrowed down to a selection between the Remington, the Springfield and the Elliot breech loaders. The latter weapon is an entirely new arm, and the inventor has asked for time to perfect his mechanism. The arms are to be subjected to the tests of water, rust, sand, and firing.

The stream of emigration from Great Britain continues to flow with undiminished force. The official reports of the departures from Liverpool during the last three months amount to the enormous figure of fifty-four thousand souls. When we remember that this is only one of the ports of departure some idea of the drain on the British population may be formed. Ireland, which contributes such a large quota to the emigrant list, is only partially represented in these figures, as nearly all the steamers from Liverpool call at Queenstown, where they embark passengers for America. Another important stream sets out from Glasgow, and is fed at Londonderry in the same way that the Liverpool lines are fed at Cork. Taking the emigrants from these sources and from London and Southampton into consideration, we would be justified in setting down the emigration from the British Isles at nearly four hundred thousand souls yearly. This immense loss of labor power will in the end seriously affect the industrial supremacy of England, as labor must of necessity become dear as it becomes scarce.

The death of Ex-Secretary Seward will occasion profound regret throughout the civilized world. There was something in his character that was particularly agreeable to all with whom he came in contact. An optimist, he always looked on the cheerful side of life, and did not allow his spirits to become cloudy or gloomy. He possessed the rare tact of drawing to himself persons of prominence and honor. He was philosophical in his cast of mind, and endured disappointments and changes much better than did many others. His trip around the world was the result of a belief that after his intense active life, he would suffer from reaction unless he were to engage in some form of activity. As a diplomat, he excelled, probably, any person who ever was at the head of the State Department. We would be glad to know that some capable and appreciative person would write up this phase of the Senator's life. We have, at times, imagined him the equal of Pitt or Richelieu, in real diplomatic ability. While we were fighting the battles of rebellion, Seward was holding the world at bay. In his death we have lost a man of brilliant genius.

Advices from Europe by the last steamer confirm the telegraphic reports that emigration from Alsace and Lorraine is very extensive. Plapperville, a small town on the frontier, has been entirely abandoned. At Lienoville two thousand to three thousand Alsatians arrive every day. It is calculated that Metz, which had formerly a population of sixty-four thousand, does not now contain more than fifteen thousand. A Strasburg letter says:

"It is not that you notice the marvelous change which is taking place in the two Provinces so much by visiting small towns and villages, as by remarking scenes on the railway between Strasburg and Paris. The railway is surprising. The life stream seems effluxed as if it would never stop. Oddly enough, Sunday is chosen by many thousands as the period of their departure, and on such a night the railway station at Strasburg presents an extraordinary spectacle. In their anxiety to procure tickets before others, men hustle, women scream and vociferate; as only German speaking people can vociferate; for be it noted, a majority speak the language of Teutons. They talk German with no uncertain sound. The crowd was composed of men in blouses, ruddy-faced women, and lastly, children, in whose faces one could trace a wonder at what it was all about, this strange flitting from their sunny village home by the river or mountain side."

The annual report of the Western Union Telegraph Company, showing its operations during the year ending June 30, 1870, has just been made public. At the date mentioned the company was operating 62,032 miles of line or an aggregate of 137,190,000 miles of wire. There were under its control and direct management 5,237 offices, in all of which there was an operator. The messages sent over the lines of the company during the year numbered in all 12,444,449, which was an increase on the previous year of 1,994,422 messages During the year the gross receipts of the company amounted to $3,437,095 77, counterbalanced in part by expenses which added up to $3,666,863 16. This exhibited a net profit of $2,790,232 61, an increase during the year of $819,646 92 in gross receipts, $562,975 97 in expenses and $257,-370 95 in net profits. For the past six years the net profit accruing to the company has been $17,116,634 23 above all expenses. Of this sum $1,856,878 34 has been distributed in dividends, and $1,893,401 98 has been distributed in paying interest on the Western Union Company's bonds, and $10,361,413 91 has been expended in construction and maintenance of new lines and in the purchase of telegraph patents, &c. By one of the patents purchased, the new duplex telegraph, the Western Union Company has the advantage of being able to send messages both ways and at the same time upon the same wire, thus saving both time and expense. The advantage is self-apparent compared with the old plan of sending messages by one wire, which could only transmit them in one direction.

The confident *Post*, which was so sure of electing Buckalew, cannot seem to get over the disagreeable feeling engendered by the election on Tuesday. It strikes all round, in a sort of frenzy of fury. Among other things it proclaims that the GAZETTE sustains the men who voted to make slavery eternal,—meaning Colfax, Logan and others. We do not think that the particular votes referred to by the *Post* were the wisest these gentlemen ever cast, yet we know perfectly well the motive under which they acted. It was in the spring of 1861, and the Southern States were seceding because of the alleged reason that they feared the Government would abolish slavery. The gentlemen referred to voted in committee that such was not the intention of the Government, and affirmed their willingness to provide against such a proposition being even entertained. But if the *Post* knows anything of the times to which it refers, it knows that the Republican party at that time did not propose to abolish slavery; it simply was against its extension, believing it would die a natural death. Hence these gentlemen were not at variance with Republicanism as it then was. Since then some progress has been made. The war opened the way for the abolition of slavery, and the Republican party was logical enough to give the freedmen and blacks the ballot. We criticise Greeley because that, in proposing to yield to secession, he really abandoned his anti-slaveryism, and was the proposer of the eternity of slavery. He has abandoned his old protectionism, his hate of the Democracy, and is now with them body and soul. Where he will be after the 5th of November it will take a prophet to tell. But the gentlemen whom the *Post* criticises have been up with their party, on the slavery as well as other questions.

The annexed letter from Mr. Seward to a friend in California, was probably the last political letter the statesman dictated. It will be read with interest in view of his death. It has his peculiarities of style, which may be described as diplomatically reaching his conclusions by a rather round-about way:

AUBURN, Sept. 17, 1872.

My Dear Mr. Johnson—Although I have occasion to write much, I am obliged now to use another's hand. You will not be surprised, therefore, to find me an irregular correspondent. At the moment when the country was called to confront the last civil war, a consequence of its adoption of the policy of restricting slavery, I was required to take upon myself a part in the executive administration. I knew then very well that liberty, constitution and union were inseparable, and that a failure of the administration to save them would consign all concerned to eternal infamy. I thought, on the other hand, that my own part, however humble in the rescue, ought to be enough to crown a loyal ambition. I knew, moreover, that I could not perform that very difficult part successfully without making a sacrifice of all personal and party prejudices and aspirations for after life. I therefore cheerfully and openly pledged myself to that sacrifice. I thus secured a retirement from political life at the end of the struggle, which has become pleasant to me. If any of my fellow citizens think I am not entitled to enjoy it, for the reasons I have mentioned, they will concede it to me when they know that it has now become indispensible to the preservation of health in advancing years. Now, however, not less than at any former time, do I think it the duty of every citizen to leave no uncertainty to exist concerning the principles and policy which govern his vote. I have seen no sufficient reason to withdraw mine from the support of the principles and policy which carried the country safely through the civil conflict, or from the party organization and candidates who represent them. This must be my short reply to your long and much esteemed letter.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

To R. P. Johnson, Esq., San Francisco, California.

LECTURERS FROM ABROAD.

The high rates commanded by the best American lecturers, varying from one hundred to three hundred dollars for one hours' platform talk, has had the effect of drawing to our shores quite a flock of English literary celebrities for this winter's service. Edmund Yates, the novelist, has a course of lectures on social topics, which he illustrates by life size cartoons, something after the style of Artemus Ward's funny discourse on the Mormons. George MacDonald, the Scotch poet and novelist, has a series on Shakespeare, Burns, and the English poets. Professor John Tyndall, the celebrated English writer, and fearless Alpine explorer, arrived on Wednesday's steamer and will commence a series of lectures in Boston, on the subject of light and kindred topics. Mr. John A. Froude, the Elisabethian historian, is also in New York, and will shortly commence a series of five lectures tracing the connection between England and Ireland as far back as history goes. His lectures will be intensely interesting, the more so as he has recently discovered many historical documents of great value. Next we have in the list of English lecturers, Miss Emily Faithful, a lady of literary qualifications, who has been most earnest in endeavoring to extend the sphere of woman's labor, so as to enhance the independence and happiness of the working woman. In 1860 Miss Faithful got together a number of female compositors and opened a typographical establishment. Of this enterprise and its results Her Majesty approved and appointed Miss Faithful her printer and publisher in ordinary. The female philanthropist finds not only time sufficient to attend to the supervision of her printing office, but also to edit the *Victoria Magazine*, whose publication she began in 1863, and to peer into many phases of misery and sorrow of which women are victims, and to devise means, if not to eradicate, at least to alleviate them. Miss Faithful's lectures are mainly upon social subjects and are said to be almost perfect in composition, while her elocutionary graces gives them a power and effect that the best lecture would lack if delivered by a less capable speaker. During her lecturing tour of this country she will take every opportunity to eke out the knowledge of the condition of women workers here, and to procure such information as will be of value in the pursuit of her great and laudable project at home.

We welcome these English lecturers. They seem to be of a character that will highten the tone of the platform, and possibly put a stop to the falling off in the standard of our home lecturers. If they will accomplish this they do not come a day too soon, for there is a strong tendency to make the lecture platform the refuge of notoriety rather than talent or ability to instruct and at the same time profitably entertain.

SAGACITY AND CONSERVATISM.

It is a favorite remark of would-be political philosophers, that the American republic is closely following the drift of the Roman republic, and that our ultimate destiny is the same. "History ever repeats itself," say these sagacious prophets. The adage is not even generally true as applied to the present age,—for there was nothing in the civilization, the arts or sciences of the olden time, to compare with the practicality and progress of the present era. But however strong the argument we might build up, on the basis of the entire difference in the spirit and aim of our republic as compared with that of Rome, we find enough for our views in an entirely different direction. It is true, that ours is a peaceful, while the Roman was a warlike republic; ours an equal,—their's a caste institution; ours an intelligent,—their's a brutal age,—but the great point of contrast is that which important elections very strongly develop and which those just over clearly illustrated.

Thus far the American people have shown themselves to be particularly sagacious, and untrammeled by party ties, when great national issues were at stake. The national election which resulted in the elevation of Lincoln to the Presidency, was the turning point in the fortunes of the Democracy. Their mistake was that they attempted to break over the conservative views of the people, and, despite the compromise on the slavery issue, force its extension into the territories. In all their previous battles, they had, with rare exceptions, carried the people with them; not that the moral sense of the people approved of slavery, but they preferred, in view of its being established, not to bring on a contest, and so endured the evil for the sake of peace. The Democratic leaders misunderstood this conservatism, and presumed it to be a spirit of subserviency. The election of Lincoln convinced them of their error, and in desperation, they appealed to the arbitrament of war.

In the early days of the war, the feeling was very general, that the Union must be saved without destroying slavery, not from any regard for the institution itself, but because of the lingering hope that the people South might be mollified, and peace secured. It was this well known sentiment that led Lincoln to declare, that if he could save the Union with slavery he would do it. If he could save it without slavery he would do it. His first and chief hope was to restore the Union. But when it became apparent that slavery must be abolished, in order to success, the proclamation went forth, and the people approved. So since the war. Various efforts, some wise, and others unwise, were made to so control the Government as that the South might derive extraordinary benefits, but all of them failed. When Johnson was in power, the patronage of the Government, so far as he could control it, went to elect Seymour. Yet despite it, Grant was triumphantly elected.

We are moved to these remarks by the idea, so sedulously inculcated by the Greeley organs, that in some way the people are being corrupted to support the regular candidates of the Republican party. This is impossible, and is emphatically untrue. One evidence of it is, the politicians were as much at fault as any, in their attempts to prognosticate the result of the election. It was sheer guess work on every side. The Liberals were as loud-mouthed in their confidence as any could possibly be, up to the very day of election. When figures were given, they were regarded generally, as braggadocio or mere guesswork. None had confidence in figures. The general impression was, that Hartranft would pull through by a small majority. But all the while there was a sense of indefiniteness. He might have an immense majority, or he might have none at all. This was the prevailing idea.

There was, however, the clearest indications that the people were deliberately considering what was best to be done. Political meetings, particularly those on the Republican side, have been very largely attended, and such speeches as were worthy it, were attentively listened to. This has been universally remarked through the entire canvass in this State. Add to this that the vote was very unusual, and showed less regard for party lines than is usual, and we clearly see that the people were moved in this election by a common impulse. It was not that of bribery,—for this could not have been so widely and evenly diffused. What was it?

Our view is, that principally the people felt that the October Elections would decide those of November; and Pennsylvania by common consent was felt to be the battle ground. As regards the election of Grant or Greeley, there is deep feeling, and this to the effect that Greeley is an exceedingly dangerous man. His crotchets, his unsteadiness of character, his passionateness, and his chronic propensity to experiment in national affairs, worse than all, his clear affiliation with the worst element of Southern Democracy, caused the people to fear him. There was enough of practical sagacity among the masses to clearly see these and other points. Equally clearly they saw that there was nothing in Greeley's talk of reconciliation and kindness to beaten rebels. Furthermore they clearly comprehended that President Grant had given the country a quiet, prosperous, peaceful administration,—one that might be bettered in the minor features, but that was grand and good in its leading characteristics. This being understood, they simply determined to conserve the peace and order now existing. For this purpose Pennsylvania was made to go so strongly for Republicanism. And in such a purpose is the promise of long life to the Republic.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* has not much faith in the power of the new way of settling international difficulties, and maintains that, after all, arbitration is but disguised diplomacy. It holds that not at Geneva but at Washington all was granted by the English diplomats which America desired—a formal apology and an admission that England had so far violated its international obligations as to be liable to a claim for compensation. The quarrel was therefore entirely settled at Washington, for so far as regards the amount of compensation demanded it had all along been declared to be indifferent to the American mind, which wanted only what is known in slangy circles as "satisfaction."

The following story is related in illustration of the provebial taciturnity of the conventional Englishman. A German and an Englishman were traveling together in a stage, and both were smoking. The German did all in his power to draw his companion into conversation, but to no purpose; at one moment he would, with a superabundance of politeness, apologize for drawing his attention to the fact that the ashes of his cigar had fallen upon his waistcoat, or a spark was endangering his handkerchief. At last the Englishman exclaimed: "Why can't you leave me alone? Your coat tail has been burning for the last ten minutes, but I did'nt bother you about it."

The free lectures on English literature for women in Boston began on Saturday afternoon last with great success. All in attendance were women, and nearly all were such as would not have been able to attend in the evening. Hundreds were turned away before the lecture began, and a larger hall is called for. Mrs. Eliza Cheney lectured.

PERSONAL.

Miss Kate Stanton lectures on "The Loves of Great Men."

Fortune is said not to change men, but only to unmask them.

A man in New Albany, Ind., is blessed with fifteen daughters.

A Chicago poet speaks of the ocean as "Prodigious dampness."

Victoria prefers "Madam" or "Ma'am" to "Your Majesty," it is said.

A St. Paul man, forgetting his hymn-book last Sunday, returned home unexpectedly, and is now in the agonies of his first case of domestic infelicity.

The Grand Duke Nicholas, of Russia, is at present at Constantinople. He is probably inspecting territory he may be called upon at no distant day to govern.

The marble for Valentine's recumbent statue of General Lee, intended for the Memorial Chapel at Lexington, Virginia, is now being quarried in Vermont. Its carving will be begun in two months.

The Grand Duke Nicholas, of Russia, is at present at Constantinople. He is probably inspecting territory he may be called upon at no distant day to govern.

The Lawrence (Kansas) *Journal* thus comments on the crop of sweetening: "The sweet voice of the sorghum mill is heard in the land, and whole families of children are stuck together with molasses."

Almost anybody would think that the Countess Pourtales and the Baroness Bussiere, who are now stopping for a few days in San Francisco, were foreigners. On the contrary, they are California girls, and daughters of Mrs. Ben. Holliday.

Gov. Scott, of South Carolina, has commenced an action for libel against the New York *Tribune*, laying his damages at $100,000. The affidavits necessary in such cases, have been filed. The talk in the court room is, that the suit will be pressed.

Bonner's colt Startle trotted Monday at Fleetwood park in 2:20½. Before doing so he had been driven in a road wagon by Mr. Bonner himself, one-quarter of a mile in 32½ seconds, at a rate of 2:10. The fastest time ever made in a road wagon.

Sergeant Bates, who proposes to carry the American flag from one end of England to the other, on a wager, marched down Broadway on Wednesday, on his way to the steamer. He was in full uniform, and displayed his flag to an admiring crowd, who followed him to the wharf.

Since it has been demonstrated in Wisconsin that certain marshes, by judicious cultivation, can be made to yield from 150 to 300 bushels of cranb-rries per acre, the market value of which is from $2 to $3 per bushel, the land has risen in value from a trifle more than nothing, to, in some instances, $750 an acre. The cost of putting a marsh into first rate bearing condition is from $25 to $40 an acre.

The story is told of Ben Butler's earlier days that a Yankee obtained his legal opinion how to recover the value of a ham which a neighbor's dog came along and ate. He was advised to prosecute and recover for damages. "But the dog was your'n," said the sharp Yankee. Butler opened his eyes a little, asked him what the ham was worth, was told five dollars, paid the money, and then demanded a ten-dollar fee of the astonished native for legal advice.

Ex-Father Hyacinthe and his blooming bride, ex-Mrs. Merriman, now simply (or combinedly) the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Loyson, beaming with joy and health under the honeymoon of their gladness, as it shines on them at Brussels, are proposing to start and publish there a newspaper devoted to the propagation of the "New Catholic" views of the "Old Catholics." Mrs. Loyson is, we are told, a practical journalist and oftentime contributor to various American newspapers and magazines.

The inclosed reply to a request from a legal firm in Providence for a list of attorneys from a Missouri official, though not first-class for orthography or grammar, contains a moral at the close that seems to fit the case: "Dear Sir—There is no attorney-at-law in this county. There has bin four that tryed it awhile two of them Starved out the third ran off without paying his Bord, the fourth one was the Charpest he Stole a suit of close, and ten dollars in Cash and left for parts unknown. This account for Carter County Bonds being at par."

The Princess Charlotte, wife of that deluded sham Emperor of Mexico, Maximilian the Last, is not, as was lately stated in American papers, and as her friends might almost wish, at or near the point of physical death. Her bodily health, if a statement that bears the marks of authority, recently published at Belgium, may be trusted, is firmly assured by the convincing proofs of hearty appetite and quiet sleep. But the same authority puts the possibility of any restoration of the poor lady's mind to a sound estate past the verge of faintest hope.

The *Charivari* publishes the following, which some people have taken as serious: "M. Plantamour, the celebrated astronomer, who had predicted the destruction of the globe for the month of August, now admits that he was mistaken in his calculation, but he has made another with incontestible proofs, and announces that the world will end on the 21st of October, 2011. On that occasion the earth will not approach so near the sun as to be set on fire, but will depart so far from it that a general congelation will take place. People are already laying in a stock of wood in provision of that event."

Near Waverly, Illinois, a year or two ago, a young man, finding himself mysteriously shunned at a party by the young lady he loved, took up with, and afterward married another, with whom he had earlier associations, and who, as he learned some time after his marriage, had caused the misunderstanding on the part of his real sweetheart by re-dating and sending to the latter a letter originally written to herself. The husband subsequently smothered his wife with a pillow, escaping detection at the time, but dying recently of a broken heart, left a confession of the fact.

GENERAL NEWS.

Iron, in place of stone, is being used for memorial tablets over graves.

Denver City, Colorado, had the first snow storm of the season last week.

The largest private conservatory in the country is claimed by Lexington, Ky.

The old Spanish fort at St. Augustine Fla., is to be repaired by order of the Government.

In one of the shoe factories at Lynn, Mass., a workman has used the same bench for over sixty years.

The New York Clubs are adopting the European custom of putting their servants into gorgeous liveries.

A flash of lightning singed all the hair off a man's head in Wisconsin lately, but otherwise did him no harm.

Boston is tired of monster jubilees, and is going to have a grand industrial exhibition next year, by way of a change.

Butter inspectors have been appointed in Paris, to check the extensive adulteration now prevalent in that article of food.

It is estimated that in Paris more than 23,000 persons of both sexes make their living by gathering rags and other refuse in the streets.

One of the newest rifles submitted to M. Thiers possesses the advantage that the cartridges to suit it can be manufactured even on the field of battle.

The island of St. Helena, which used to be a stopping place for European ships returning from India and China, round the Cape of Good Hope, is fast losing its importance since the opening of the Suez canal.

The New York *Times* says: "Since the passage of the Metropolitan excise law, which prohibited the sale of liquors on Sunday, the number of Sunday arrests for drunkenness has been diminished nearly one-half, and about three thousand of the worst rum-holes have closed altogether."

The sales of the land department of the Union Pacific Railroad Company for the month of September, 1872, were 14,086 acres, amounting to $71,207, at an average of $5.06 per acre. The total sales from July 28, 1869, to the present date are 628,-894 acres, amounting to $2,664,481, at an average of $4.24 per acre. The number of purchasers in September, 1872, was 155; average to each, 91 acres.

A proposition broached a year or more ago by the leading Evangelists of both the old and new worlds, for the revision of the Bible, has just taken practical shape in New York, where a committee, composed of the leading theologians and scholars of the country, has been constituted for the purpose. The chairman of the Old Testament Committee is Prof. Wm. Henry Green, of Princeton, N. J.; of the New Testament Company, ex-President Woolsey, of New Haven. Bishop Lee, of Delaware, is also a member of the latter.

The following anecdote gives some idea of what can be accomplished by a thoroughly organized postal service. A letter from an American gentleman, received by the Postmaster General of England, says: "Having recently arrived in England, and not knowing the present whereabouts of a sister, I addressed a letter to her late residence, thus: 'Upper Norwood, or elsewhere.' I received a reply, in ordinary course of mail, saying that it had been delivered to her on the top of a stage coach in Wales. I venture to say no other country can show the parallel, or would take the trouble at any price.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 62 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH,
CHARTERED IN 1852.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 9 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent. compound from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Berry, A. L. Gunsman, A. G. Bell, Wm. E. Stanley, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Fellmann, Joseph Flinn, S. H. Hartman, Rev. C. Schneyer, Christopher Ege.
John S. Bell, Solicitor.

THE GRAY COAT UNDER THE BLUE.

BY GEORGE W. BUNGAY.

Will the soldier, too brave to desert or deceive,
Who returned from the war with an empty sleeve,
True as steel to the war-torn standard of stars,
Whose diploma of honor is written in scars,
Stand square on his crutches and vote at the polls
For the man whom the will of the rebel controls?
Not while the day shines, or night brings the dew,
Will he vote for the gray coat under the blue!

The chain of the slave has been broken, and he,
No longer a chattel, is human and free.
He has hope in his heart, and a freeman's right,
The baptism of blood made his charter white.
The ballot he holds in his ebony hand,
Is sought by the chiefs and the "lords of the land."
But the negro sees where the bullet passed through,
That the rebel gray coat is worn under the blue.

Our free land is at peace with all the round world,
Our flag is unchallenged wherever unfurled,
Our nation from bondage has broken away,
And we owe not a debt that we cannot pay.
Shall we turn our triumphs grand into defeat?
Now the battle is won shall we fly in retreat?
We will stand by our flag, ever faithful and true,
Undeceived by the gray coat under the blue!

The flag of the foe has been trailed in the dust,
The sword in its seabbard is eaten with rust,
The musket is silent, and hangs in eclipse
Where the spiders have woven a web on its lips.
The birds have built nests in the cannon's cold throat;
No longer disfranchised, the rebel can vote,
And we hold out our hands to all men that are true,
Who wear not the gray coat under the blue!

The Power of Comprehension.

[From Hearth and Home.]

It was said of Thoreau, we believe, that he could take up any given number of lead pencils without counting. A celebrated trapper once assured us that he could tell how many balls he had in his bullet pouch by placing his hand on it, and without stopping to count them, and added: "I can tell the number of bullets instantly without counting, as you pronounce a word without spelling it." Southey was accustomed to take in the substance of a book in turning the leaves over cautiously, glacing down the pages. Houdan, the magician, trained himself to quickness of perception by running past a show-window at full speed, and then trying to tell what was in it. We once met a man on a canal-boat who was amusing himself by going from passenger to passenger, and telling almost every one where he had seen them before, on such a train, in such a hotel, in such a street, giving date and place to people with whom he had never exchanged a word. This training of faculties in particular directions is carried to a marvelous extreme by woodsmen, trappers, and men who guess the weights of animals. Perhaps the most remarkable instances are the markers who leap from log to log at the mouth of a boom, standing on the floating log and translating instantly an old mark in a new one, and remembering what equivalent to give for each of a hundred marks, and chopping it upon the log in the time that it floats its length. It is said that Thoreau knew the relative order of the flowering of all the plants in the Concord woods, and knew the note of every bird, and a thousand other out-of-the-way things beside.

A steamer, recently built by order of the British East India Government, for duty at the Andaman Islands, a convict station, has been constructed with hot water jets, which are to be used for repelling pirates or desperate convicts who might attempt to board her unexpectedly.

A NEW CURE.

The following case of Mr. Kurtz, Postmaster at Athens, Ohio, is one of considerable importance, inasmuch as Mr. K. had undergone various modes of treatment with different persons for the past few years without any material relief. When he came to me he was in a very reduced state and had about given up all hopes of being cured.

He is a well-known gentleman and has numerous relatives in this city, and is the son of Mr. George A. Kurtz, of Allegheny city.

Dr. Keyser: I am glad to be able to report to you, that your medicines are exercising a salutary influence on my system. Their restorative effects are so manifest that I can now perform considerable manual labor, not only without feeling exhausted as hitherto, but with, I think, positively beneficial results. I am also steadily increasing in flesh, have gained about nine pounds since I commenced treatment with you.

W. W. KURTZ.

Dr. Keyser's consulting office in the rear of his Medicine Store, 107 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Faber & Van Doren,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
NILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE,
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
206 and 208 Liberty Street.

JULY AND AUGUST STYLES.
STRAW, FELT AND GOSSAMER
HATS,
Newest Styles,
Largest Stock,
LOWEST PRICES,
AT
R. H. PALMER'S HAT HOUSE,
149 and 151 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.

GET THE BEST
Howe Standard
Sampson Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures, Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG,
69 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
New Shawls,
New Skirts.
Ladies' Alpaca Suits.
A large stock of the latest novelties in
DRESS GOODS.
Waterproof Cloths,
In Black, Brown, Blue, Green and Gold Mixed.
Black and Colored Velveteens.
NEW CASSIMERES,
For Men and Boys' wear, very cheap.
ALL KINDS OF
FLANNELS, BLANKETS,
QUILTS AND COMFORTS,
At very low prices, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
MARKET ST.,
Have Just Opened
And are prepared to show the
LARGEST STOCK
OF GOODS
In the following departments to be had anywhere and at
Bottom Figures:
Dress Trimmings,
Embroideries,
Laces, Lace Goods,
Handkerchiefs,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Merino Underwear,
Umbrellas,
Felt Skirts,
Hoop Skirts,
Corsets,
Knitting and Zephyr Yarns,
Worsteds, Canvas,
Knitters, Materials,
Velvets,
Velveteens,
Plushes,
Repellants,
Ottoman Scarfs and Shawls,
Notions of all kinds.
Also, unsurpassed lines
MILLINERY GOODS,
Hats and Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers,
Feathers, Tips, Wings,
Ornaments,
Crapes, Frames, &c.
Wholesale Only.
B. S. KOLL & CO.,
147 Wood St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
Manufacturers of
Koll's Patent Improved Wrought and
CAST IRON FURNACES,
METROPOLIS.

For Heating Public and Private Buildings
Requires Attention but once in 24 Hours.
Is economical in fuel, and with Weldon's Patent Steam Injector produces a moist, healthy atmosphere; also, manufacturers of Koll's Pat. ENTERPRISE FAMILY COOKING RANGE, and wrought and cast iron Ranges, Steam Table, Carving Tables, Coffee Urns, Broilers, Waffle and Laundry Stoves, &c., for Hotels, Restaurants, &c. oct19 3 TTSS

The Anderson Sash
BALANCE.
Has been in successful operation for over 8 years. Has, in every case, when properly fitted to the windows, given general satisfaction, and completely does away with the old style of cords and weights; has none of the vexatious annoyances of that old plan; does not get out of order, and is warranted to wear and work satisfactory as long as the window remains.
JOHN S. BELL, Agent,
70 Smithfield Street.

One Fire Will Last All Winter.
CALL AND EXAMINE THE
REVOLUTION,
A new SELF-FEEDING Parlor Stove for Bituminous coal. One that will burn our soft coal on the same principle and in the same manner that Anthracite coal is now used in self-feeding stoves.
Warranted to be Perfect in Operation
and the most powerful heating stove in the country.
Manufactured and for sale by
Mitchell, Stevenson & Co.,
NO. 194 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE FOLLOWING IS A FEW
OF THE
MANY GOOD BARGAINS
William Semple
IS
NOW OFFERING:
AT 30 AND 87½c.
Black Alpaca Lustres.
AT 55 AND 65 CENTS.
BLACK MOHAIRS
Decided bargains—worth special attention.
At 87½ and 50c., Black Alpaca Poplins.
At 25c., Plain Colored Alpacas.
At 25½c., Striped Poplins, extra wide goods.
At 25c., Beautiful Striped Poplins.
At 25c., Poplin Plaids—a splendid assortment.
At 25c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels.
At 25c and 50c., Barred Shirting Flannels.
At 25½c., Dark Dolly Varden Chintzes.
At 4½ and 6½c., Dark Prints, Fast Colors.
Great Bargains in
Plaid Dress Goods,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St. Allegheny.

FREE EXCURSION!
TO THE
GREAT AUCTION SALE.
1,000 Magnificent Building Sites,
FROM 20 TO 30 BUILDINGS, FINE VINEYARDS, AND ORCHARDS,
ON MONDAY, OCT. 14,
BY THE
Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon R. R. Co.
This is the very best chance yet offered to obtain REASONABLE PRICES. The Company's New farms in the county into short and direct communication have in the past not will in the future prove its various branches, so as to meet the wants of its R. can go to or from the city every hour during the It may be readily seen from the abundance of accommust rapidly increase in value. Now is the time to and while they are cheap. Whatever is wanted in small lots, easy terms, fine rich soil for gardening, flowers, they are all on this property.
GO AND SEE IT.
The Terms of sale are 10 PER CENT. of from date of purchase, the balance in TWO QUARTERLY PAYMENTS, with interest secured by Bond and Mortgage. $100 of first payment on each purchase.
All parties desiring to Attend this MONONGAHELA INCLINE PLANE, on MONDAY, October 14th. Tickets sale will accompany the Excursion, and Sale will meet at the foot of the at 9 and 11 o'clock A. M. and 1 P. M., will be given free of charge. Good music a Free Lunch served at 12 o'clock.
For Plans and Further Information Inquire at
No. 75 FOURTH AVENUE,
OR
At the South Pittsburgh Office.
239 AND 241
LIBERTY STREET.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
Notions and Small Wares,
Largest and Best Stock in the Market
AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
Sole Agents for Fullerton's, Greenville, and Erudale
BARRED FLANNELS.
GET THE BE

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

Capital, - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and individuals solicited.

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President.

WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.

CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

Ira B. McVay & Co.,

BANKERS.

We Offer For Sale, Free from All Taxes,

Mount Oliver Inclined Plane Company's First Mortgage 6's at 80 and Interest.

Birmingham Market House First Mortgage 6's at par and Interest.

Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railroad Co.'s First Mortgage 7's at 90 and Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO., BANKERS,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - $200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON,

D. R. DAVIDSON, W. H. BROWN,
M. W. RANKIN, G. FOLLANSBEE,
JOHN P. SOUTH, J. S. RITNER,
J. H. SORLAND, R. H. PALMER, JR.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits of $1 and upward received.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

Third National Bank OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner of Wood Street and Virgin Alley.

CAPITAL PAID IN.....$ 300,000.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..... 1,000,000.

Collections made on all accessible places in the United States and Canadas. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others solicited. Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. E. Schmertz, J. K. Kerr,
Charles Moyran, Thomas M. Carnegie,
George Woods, Henry Dalzell,
D. Morgenstern, Augt. Klober,
Percy Kell.

W. E. SCHMERTZ, President.
WM. STEINMEYER, Cashier.

GEO. S. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE.....JAS. N. HILL.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers,

NO. 58 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Buy and sell on commission all kinds of

STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,

Government Securities,

NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat from or to London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.

DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates. sold

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 11, 1872.

If there was any movement for the better to-day in local finances, it was so slow as to be scarcely preceptible. Needy borrowers have still to depend on the outside market to enable them to wade through the present stringency, and the banks still complain that they have so much difficulty in keeping up their present line as to prevent them from thinking of increasing it. Even some of the oldest and largest banks are denying their best patrons in the way of discounts, and the times, so far as money is concerned, have not been as hard since last December as they are now. That there must soon be a let-up therefore be but little doubt. All the paper maturing in the early part of this month has been met or arranged for, and from now on till the 4th of November the amount required for maturing paper will be very light; consequently there must be, with the amount of money put in circulation by the Treasury Department during the next thirty days, a large increase in the way of available funds and a gradual easing up of the present trouble in financial circles. To keep up their deposits, the banks will have to discount more liberally, or else they will lose that custom upon which they have all along depended to keep up their dividends. Large discounts seldom fail in making a corresponding increase in deposits and aiding in almost every other way in giving a healthy tone to banking matters generally.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* quotes money more plenty, and to first class borrowers could be had at 6 per cent.

The Boston *Post* says Some of the banks are supplying good customers right along with money at 7 per cent.

The New York *Times* says: In the way of mercantile discounts, bank accommodation at 7 per cent. is somewhat freer.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., bankers and brokers, No. 58 Fourth Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by telegraph:

	Friday.
Gold	112¾
Bonds—1881	114½
" (coupons)	116¾
5-20— 1862	115¾
" 1864	115¾
" 1865	115¾
" 1865 new	114¾
" 1867	114¾
" 1868	114¾
10-40's	108
" (coupons)	108¾
Currency 6's	112
RAILWAYS.	
New York Central	95¾
Erie	49¾
Hudson	112⅜
Michigan Southern	89¾
Rock Island	92⅝
North Western, Common	72¾
Ohio & Mississippi	45⅝
Union Pacific	36⅜
Western Union Telegraph	73⅜
Adams Express	67¾
American Express	48⅝
Pacific Mail	83¾

Messrs. Gilbough, Bond & Co., bankers and brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penna. Central	87¼
Reading R. R	96¾
United Co.'s New Jersey	123¾
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R	33⅜
Lehigh Valley R. R	85¾
Philadelphia & Erie	26
Lehigh Navigation	88¾
Pittsburgh City 6's	74¾
A. V. R. R. 7 30's	bid 93
Central Transportation	46¾

NEW YORK, October 11, 1872.

Money easy at 3@6 per cent. Sterling strong and higher. Gold opened at 112¾, sold up to 113, fell to 112⅝, advanced to 113¾, and closed at 112¾@112⅞. Loans were from 1 to 4 per cent. for carrying. Clearances, $57,000,000. Governments steady all day, with but little doing; closed at from ¼ to ⅝ per cent. above opening prices, with the exception of 5-20s of '65 old, which were steady. State bonds quiet; Tennessee issues strong; 7's bid on the first call; on the second call easier. Stocks opened firm at prices slightly better than at the closer last night. On calls the market was strong. Pacific Mail sold up to 83¾, and New York Central to 95⅝ during the forenoon. After the second call there was a slight decline in prices, but towards the close the market had recovered, and in some cases advanced beyond former prices, and closed very strong. The feeling among speculators is generally bullish. Many short contracts have been closed.

GOVERNMENTS.—United States 6s '81, coupons 116¾; 5-20s '62, 115⅝; do. '64, 115⅝; do. '65, 115⅝@116¼; do. '65, new 114⅝; do. '67, 116¾@116⅞; do. '68, coupons 114¾; 10-40s, 108⅝; currency '68, 112; new 5 per cents, 110¾.

STATE BONDS.—Tennessee, 72¾; do. new 73¾; South Carolina, July, 24; South Carolina, April 23; Missouri, 6s, 92¼.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 73⅝; Adams Express, 93½; Fargo Express, 66¼; American Merchants Express, 48½; Pacific Mail, 83⅝; New York Central, 95¼; Erie, 49⅝; Harlem 112⅝; Michigan Central, 115; Michigan Southern, 89½; Union Pacific, 36⅝; Quicksilver, 43½; Illinois Central, 125; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, none; North Western and Chicago 72½; Rock Island, 108½; St. Paul, 56; do preferred, 76; Toledo and Wabash, 70; Ft. Wayne, 94; Chicago and Alton, 110; Ohio and Mississippi, 45¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 11, 1872.

APPLE BUTTER.—Continues to come in freely and prices are weak, though unchanged; sales at 45 to 50 per gallon for common to good, and 55 for prime.

APPLES.—Continue quiet and unchanged; regular sales at $1.00@1.50 per bbl. Receipts small, but the supply is considerably in excess of the demand.

BUTTER.—Sales of prime to choice roll at 25@27. Solid packet continues very dull, and we quote at 16@15 for common to fair, and 18@20 for prime.

BEANS.—Small sales at $2.50@3 per bushel.

BROOM CORN.—Is quiet and unchanged; sales, mostly in small lots, within the range of 4@7 cents.

CANDLES.—Mould, 12; Stearine, 15; Star, 20.

CEMENT.—Louisville, $2.50@2.75; Rosendale, $4 to $4.25; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50; Cleveland and Perrysburg Lime, $1.75@2.00.

CARBON OIL.—Standard brands 22¾@23 in round lots, and 1@2 cts additional in a small way.

CRANBERRIES.—Sales of Sackett's Belle Berries at $14@15 per bbl; other descriptions from $10@12.

CHEESE.—Sales in a jobbing way at 16@16¾ for prime Goshen.

CHESTNUTS.—Weak and lower; offered today at $6 per bushel; will probably drop to $5.50@5 within the next twenty-four hours.

COUNTRY LARD.—9@9 cts. per lb.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—$3.50 per case.

EGGS.—With continued light receipts and an average demand, the market is firmer and prices, although unchanged, are still tending upward; we continue to quote at 24@25.

FEATHERS.—No. 1 live geese may be quoted at 72 to 75 to the trade and 3 to 5c additional for smaller lots.

FLOUR.—The receipts of spring wheat continue liberal and stocks are increasing, but prices are unchanged; $7.50@8.00 for fair to choice; Winters, $8.25 for low grades; $8.50 to $8.75 for choice red winter wheat. Rye Flour $5.50.

GRAPES.—Sales at 5@6 cts.

GRAIN.—The market for Wheat is steady and we are prepared to say within the range of quotations; $1.65@1.70 for fair to prime red and $1.85@1.90 for prime to choice white; the latter description is scarce and this accounts for the large range between it and red. Oats generally reported easier and we reduce our ations to 42@43 cts. for white—the decline may be attributed to increased receipts and offerings. Shelled Corn is in limited supply, but the demand is only fair and prices are without quotable change; 57@58 for good mixed and 60 for prime. Ear Corn is scarce and there is some inquiry, mainly however for small lots. Rye is quiet and nominally unchanged; 85 to 85. Barley is still quoted at 90@95 for common to fair and 95 for choice, and there is considerable inquiry for the latter kind while the former is dull.

GROCERIES.—Sugar is quiet and a shade easier though prices are without quotable change. Coffee, the better grades are reported strong in consequence of a limited supply, but the lower grades are in heavy supply and dull with large holders anxious to reduce stocks, and concessions would no doubt be made in order to effect sales.

SUGARS.—Granulated, 13¾; Crushed, 13¾; Powdered, 13¾; A Coffee, 13¾; B, 13⅝; Ex. C 12¾; C., 12½; Chesapeake Ex. C., 12; Molasses Sugars, 8¾@10; Porto Rico, 10¾@11; Demarara, 11¾@11¾.

COFFEE.—Choice Rio 25; Prime 22; Good 21; Fair 20; Java 25 to 26; Mocha 32. Roasted in lb. packages 25; loose 24½.

RICE.—Carolina, 9 to 9¾; Rangoon, 7¾ to 8; Patna 8¾.

SPICES.—Grain Pepper, 23; Allspice, 18; Cassia 40; Cloves, 30; Nutmegs, 1.25.

HAY.—There is a continued steady demand and the market is firm but unchanged; sales of baled, on track, at $25@33 per ton according to quality.

ONIONS.—$3@3.50 per bbl.

POULTRY.—Sales of live chickens, by the coop, at 55 to 70 cts. per pair, according to size.

POTATOES.—Sales of Irish at 65@70 cts per bushel. Sweets unchanged at $3@4 per bbl—the outside figure for Jerseys.

PROVISIONS.—Plain Shoulders, 8½; Sugar-cured Shoulders, 11c; Breakfast Bacon, 15c; Rib Sides, 11½; Short Rib Sides, 12; Clear Sides, 12½; Sugar-Cured Hams, 15c; Dried Beef, 20c. Lard, in tierces, 10c; half bbls, 11c; pails, 11½c. Mess Pork, $16.00; Beef Tongues, 7.50 per dozen.

RAGS.—Sales at 3¼@4 cents.

SEEDS.—Flax Seed is scarce and crushers are asking all that offers at $1.90@1.95. Timothy Seed, $3.50@3.75, in small lots. Nothing doing in Clover.

TALLOW.—Unchanged at 8 to 8¼.

WHISKY.—Eighty-nines unchangedat 93@66cts. in a jobbing way.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 11, 1872.

The market is firmer but very quiet. Crude at Parker sold $4.10 to $4.15—owner holders asking $4.20@4.25, but these are extreme quotations and can scarcely be realized. Refined firmer, but unchanged; October 25½ delivered in Philadelphia, and 22¾@23 free on car here—there were some sales reported at the outside quotation.

Oil Barrels quiet but unchanged; city make is still held firmly at $2, but the demand is not near as brisk as it was last week.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA. A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner, 50 bbls to J. R. McKee, New York.

Braun & W 100 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Vesta Oil Co. 576 bbls to Logan Bros. Co. Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co., 850 bbls to Logan Bros., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co., 919 bbls to Warden, Frew & & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 260 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens' Oil Co., 515 bbls to Tack B.ce & Co., New York.

W. H. Howard & Co., 55 to Bright & Co., Marysville,

Total.....3428

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Petrolite O W, acct. Thos. King	444
Sunbeam O W, acct. Same	462
Fairview O W, acct. Thos. King	74
Total	980

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 11, 1872.

The pig iron market continues very quiet, but now that the State election is over and the President all owner virtually decided, hopes of an early improvement are entertained, as confidence is being restored, and the future looks brighter. However, the demand during the past week was again light, and the inquiry, as has been the case for some time past, restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, as consumers, generally, do not seem disposed to buy largely at present prices, but demonstrate more than anticipated an increased demand soon, in view of the fact that there is a continued demand for finished irons, while stocks in the hands of manufacturers must of necessity be pretty well reduced. There is little or nothing doing in good western irons, in consequence of the fact that they are still held above the views of buyers, and producers are still unwilling to shade to concessions; there is considerable low and medium grade irons offering, and for this the market is dull and prices weak, as holders are anxious to realize.

The New York market is reported quiet and weaker, though for well established brands, prices are no lower.

ANTHRACITE.

40 tons No. 1 Foundry	$55 00	4 mos
30 tons No. 2 Foundry	52 00	cash
260 tons Chickeren Forge at Furnace	48 00	cash

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM L. S. ORE.

200 tons Close Gray Forge	$50 00	4 mos
70 tons Foundry Silvery	50 00	4 mos
50 tons Forge White Red Short	45 00	4 mos
300 tons Gray Forge	50 00	4 mos
300 tons Close Grey	49 00	4 mos
70 tons White and Mottled	47 00	4 mos
300 tons Close Gray	46 00	4 mos
150 tons White and Mottled	pt.	

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Sloomo.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lucy Furnace	27	J. Moorhead	2
Brown & Co.	4	J. Painter C Bon	1
Soho Furnace	4	Isabella Furnace	13
Total			62

PENN'A. CENTRAL R. R.

Caughey & H	1	J. Reamer	3
Rimick & Co	3	J. Moorhead	3
Total			6

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

Wharton Bro	8	Paul Jones & Co	2
Reese G & Co	8	Rimick & Co	2
J. Reamer	2		
Total			16

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Lewis O & P	1	W. Clark & Co	1
McKnight, P. & Co	1		
Total			3

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.

Carnegie K & Co	2	Loomis & C	1
Total			10

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, October 11—5 P. M.—Consols; money 92⅝@92¾; 5-20s of '65, 93⅝; do '67, 92¾; 10-40s, 88¾; new fives, 89¾; Erie, 39¼. Tallow, 46s. Turpentine, 42s.

PARIS, October 11.—Rentes 52f 30c. The bullion in the Bank of France decreased since the last report 1,000,000 francs.

LIVERPOOL, October 11.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling upland, 9¾@9¾c; Orleans, 10 @10¼c; sales of 12,000 bales; speculation and for export 4,000 bales; sales for the week 120,000; speculation, 15,000; export, 23,000; actual export, 15,000; stock, 627,000; American, 85,000; afloat, 201,000. Breadstuffs dull. California white wheat, 13s 2d@13s 4d; red spring, 11s 7d @12s 4d; red winter, 11s 10d. Flour, 32s. Corn, 29s 6d. Receipts of corn for the past three days, 24,000 quarters; American, 9,000 quarters. Receipts of wheat for the past three days, 40,000 quarters; American, 225,000 quarters. Tallow, 44s 6d. Cheese, 63s. Manchester market quiet and firm.

ANTWERP, October 11.—Petroleum, refined, 53f.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Beeves: fresh receipts 74 cars, or 1,340 head, making 3,600 since Monday, against 3,106 last week. Fat matured native steers firm and active at 12¾@13¾c per lb., but inferior, common and medium natives and Texans dull at 7¾@9¾c for Texans; 9@10c for fat Cherokees and 9@12c for poor to fair natives. Upwards of 30 car loads will hold over probably until Monday. Sheep and lambs: receipts of 35 cars, or 6,700, making 18,300 since Monday, against 12,400 last week; trade fair at 5¾@6¾c per pound for sheep, some of the best going at 6c, and 6¼@6¾c for lambs, but the market was weaker and closing slow a reduction of nearly ¼c per pound on both sheep and lambs. Hogs: arrivals to-day 54 cars, or 3,700, making 28,400 since Monday, against 24,000 last week; live hogs firm at 5¼@5¾c per lb, and dressed active at 6¾@7¼c, an advance of ¼@¾c per lb.

BUFFALO, October 11.—Cattle: receipts today 136 head, making total for the week 7,429, or 437 cars, against 354 last week; market dull this morning, but few cattle offering and few buyers in attendance; sufficient trade to justify market prices; weaker sales of 94 Ohio steers 1,195 to 1,207 lbs. at $5.75@6; 49 Indiana, 1,272 lbs, at $6.37½; 15 Michigan, 1,147 lbs, at $5; 21 State bulls, 828 lbs, at $2.50; 18 State cows, 1,450 lbs, at $5.45. Sheep and lambs: receipts to-day 5,200, making the total for the week thus far 20,000, against 7,900 last week; market closed firm; Canada lambs $6.50@7.37½; Canada sheep $5.50@6.00; western sheep $5.00@5.50; sales 96 Canada sheep, 108 to 106 lbs, at $5.50; 386 Ohio sheep, 95 lbs, at $5.50@5.57½; 403 Michigan, 92 to 93 lbs, at $5@5.55. Hogs: receipts to-day 2,000, making total for week 26 800, against 30,700 last week. Market active and advanced 10 cents per cwt.; sales of 1,463 Ohio hogs, 176 to 200 lbs, $4.90@5.30; 125 Michigan, 229 lbs, at $5.15; 189 Illinois, 245 lbs, at $5.25.

New York.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Cotton active and in good export demand; good demand for cotton to arrive; market closed firmer; middling upland 19¾c. Flour rather more active and a shade firmer; superfine western and State, $6.00@6.35; common to good extra, $7.00@7.30; St. Louis, $7.35@11.00. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky a shade firmer at 92c. Wheat a shade better; light supply; fair export inquiry; decline in freights has a tendency to strengthen the market; No 3 spring Chicago $1.45@1.46; No 2 do $1.54@1.55½; No 1 Duluth $1.66; common mixed spring $1.50. Rye quiet; western 82c; new State 90c. Barley unchanged. Malt steady; fair inquiry; 2 rowed State $1.25; choice 4 rowed State $1.30. Corn less active; shippers disposed to hold off; steamer western mixed 63@63¾c; sail 64@64½c New Orleans. Oats fairly active and higher; sold western 45¾@47c; new 43@44c; black western 40@43c. Beef quiet, Rio 14½@18c. Sugar firmer; fair to good refining 8¾@9¼c; Cuba 8¾@9c. Molasses dull. Rice 8¾@8¾c. Petroleum: crude 13¾c; refined 26@26½c. Turpentine steady; 64¾c. Pork dull and lower; mess $14,25 @14.50. Cut meats unchanged. Lard dull and firmer; No. 1 to prime steam 8¾@8¾c; kettle 9¾@9¾c. Butter dull; western 10@16c. Cheese firm; 11@14¾c.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 11.—Flour steady; moderate local shipping demand; good to choice new extras $6@6.75; good to choice new Minnesota $6.75@7.50; superfines $3@4.50. Wheat steady; closing quiet; $1.13¾ seller October; $1.13¾@1.13¾ seller last half, or November; $1.13¾ seller year. Corn steady at 32c seller October; 33¾c seller last half; 34¾@34¾c seller November. Oats quiet and steady; 21¾@22c; regular fresh 23¾c seller November. Rye quiet and firm; No 2 saleable at 52c. Barley quiet; No 2 64¼@65c spot at seller October and November; No 3 heavy or 50c. Pork easier for future; sales at 12.75 seller March; $14.25 spot; nominally $12.75 seller December and January; $12.90 closing at $12.80 and nominal; winter $15@8¾c; summer 7¾@8c. Sugar cured hams quiet; scarcely any offering; summer offered at 12@16c, average. Meats quiet; shoulders nominally 6¾c; short rib 10¾c. Whisky steady; sales at 88¾c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, October 11.—Flour unchanged; $7,40@7.75. Cotton quiet and unchanged; middling 18¾@18¾c. Wheat firm; fair demand; No. 1 red $1,50@1,55. Corn dull and drooping; 42c. Rye firm; fair demand; 71@72c. Oats quiet and unchanged; old 35@35c; new 30@35c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Groceries firm. Cheese firm; fair demand. Eggs quiet and weak; 21c. Pork firm; fair demand; sales $13,75. Lard firm, and in fair demand; summer 7¾c; steam 7¾c; kettle 8@8¼c. Bulk meats: demand good; full prices; shoulders 6¾@7 spot, 6¾c seller October; clear 10¾c. Bacon: demand good; full prices; shoulders 7¾c; clear rib 11¾c; clear 12c. Hams: sugar cured 17½@19c. Hogs firm, and in fair demand; $4,40@4,60. Whisky firm, and in fair demand; 88c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, October 11.—Flour dull; treble $7,87½@8; family $9,25@10,60. Corn quiet; mixed 62c; yellow and white, 65c. Oats; 39@40c. Bran scarce and firmer; $1.15. Hay scarce; choice $28@29. Pork quiet, but firm; mess $16,25. Bacon dull; 6¾@11¾@12¾c. Hams firm; sugar cured 16¾@18c. Lard dull; tierce 9¾@10c; keg 11¾@12c. Sugar only retail. Molasses: new fair received sold at 67c, syrup 70c for thin. Whisky quiet; 92@99c. Coffee quiet; 13@15¾c. Cotton quiet; sales of 3,700 bales of good ordinary at 17¾c; low middling 18¾c; middlings 18¾c; receipts 6,594; stock 69,138; week's sales 19,000; net receipts 27,463; gross 33,832; exports to Liverpool 4,364; to Havre 5,305; coastwise 4,206.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—Flour more active for the home trade, but no export demand; superfine $5,00. Wheat quiet; red $1,55@1,70; amber $1,72@1,80. Corn weak; yellow 65@66c; mixed 64@65c. Rye steady; 73@75c. Oats: moderate demand at full figures; new white 44@45c; mixed 42c. Barley: western 87@9c. Holders of mess pork demand an advance. Petroleum firm: crude 13¾c; refined 26¾@26¾c. Whisky: improved demand; 94c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Business continues very quiet throughout the trade. The market for cotton goods is very strong for all descriptions of goods, but with no change in quotations. Prints are less active, and are now in good supply, except for some styles dark madder work. Woolens remain dull. Foreign goods were quiet generally, plain dress fabrics showing the most activity. Colored silks are very dull.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, October 11.—Flour steady, and in moderate demand. Wheat steady, and in moderate demand; No. 2 white Wabash $1,58; No. 1 $1,60; Michigan $1,61¾; amber $1,45¾@1,46. Corn firm, and in fair demand; 43c; low mixed 42½c. Oats steady, and in moderate demand; No. 1 32½c; rejected 25¼@26½c. Pork; sugar packed lots $14@15. Lard 8½@9c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, October 11.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull but firm; No. 1 red winter held at $1,54@1,55; sales of 2,000 bushels; No. 2 do seller year $1.40. Corn steady and in moderate demand at 45c on track. Oats quiet; No. 1 34c. Petroleum: refined very firm at 24c in car lots; 26c in trade lots.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, October 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No. 1 Milwaukee, $1,22; No. 2, do. $1,14¾. Corn firm and in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 34c. Oats dull and declining; No. 2, 24c. Rye steady and in moderate demand; No. 1, 53c. Barley steady; fall, No. 2, 66c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

ALLEGHENY STATION, Oct. 11.—1 car lumber, Reed Bro; 11 bales rags, W Dean; 100 bls lime, J Dyer; 5 do fruit, R M Dickey; 5 bxs cheese, Bockfield & N; 12 bls apples, J Herbert; 22 bales cotton, G W Batchelor; 1 car wheat, Gilmore & Co; 3 do lumber, J McBrier; 1 do feed, Houck Mc & Co; 99 bb cider, F Boouffer; 1 car oats, J C Myers; 100 bls flour, E & C Magin; 1 car lime, J K Shinn; 1 do lumber, L Walters & Son; 1 car hay, Spear & G; 1 bl eggs, E Carson 84 bg f seed, M B Suydam.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. October 11.—15 cases crackers, Kramer & V; 5 bbls spirits, S S Watters; 16 half bbls pickles, Arbuckles & Co; 8 bbls oil, J S Ramsey; 11 kegs butter, Jas O'Brien; 1 car corn, Schneibach & M; 1 car cooperage, F Kober; 7 pkgs butter, 2 do lard, H Biddle, Son & Co; 50 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & Co; 51 do do, owners; 100 do do, N J Bradee; 3 pkgs tobacco, Carter & Bro; 4 sks potatoes, J B Canfield; 6 bozes nuts, Woodworth & D; 84 bbls shovels, Myers & A; 10 bbls flour, J & A Quietz; 100 bgs bran, Bricker & Co; 86 bags apples, H Rea Jr; 8 kegs butter, H J McCracken & Bro; 1 car shingles, H Brown & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R. October 11.—13 bbls apples, 22 sks rye, 8 do wheat, 4 tubs butter, Voigt M & Co; 125 doz brooms, 300 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 26 bbls, Jas Callery & Co; 3 tubs butter, Loh & Cooley; 19 sks potatoes, Bricker & Bro; 10 bbls molasses, Wm Curry & Co; 25 bbls oil, Haworth & C; 1 car in feed, McCrea & W; 120 bales hay, A J Hogan; 55 bbls oil, Barton & K; 400 sks flour, F W Jenkins & Bro; 150 bbls flour, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 79 bales hay, Andrew Ackley.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD CO., Oct. 11.—1 car lumber, Heath & S; 1 do do, Dunlap & Co; 1 do g stone, T Alden; 12 bls onions Aisin W & P; 25 cse matches, Haworth & D; 14 bdls rags, McCullough & S; 4 crts e ware, Grove & B; 7 bdls rags, Markle & S; 20 pails tobacco, Arnsthall & Son; 13 bxs handles, O H Chapman; 10 cks p ash, J Lindsay; 20 pkgs fish, Voigt M & Co; 1 car brick, Carnegie K & Co; 75 bls flour W Welsh & Co; 5 crts ware, M W Sackett & Co; 12 cks d knobs, Moorhead & Co; 33 bdls hides, J Callery; 2 bls eggs, Houck Mc C & Co; 26 pkgs tobacco, B Pfiaum; 4 bls onions, 4 tubs cheese, J A Graff; 2 cars oats, 1 do wheat, J Ross; 50 bls flour, Wall L & Co; 2 tubs cheese, 12 bls apples, Voigt M & Co; 3 bls eggs, P Duff & Son; 5 bbl mdse, Head C & Co; 2 tubs cheese, Voigt M & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R., October 11.—34 cars coal, S M Kier; 22 do do, Sable Coal Co; 33 do do, Armstrong D & Co; 1 do ice, Chaut Lake Ice Co; 2 bls cider, Voigt M & Co; 12 pkgs potatoes, J E Skillian; 14 do do, W Lindsay; 16 do do, J Rose; 10 do do, H F Bruggerman; 10 do do, J Arbuthnot; 12 do do, J Daub; 14 do do, C Brenner; 8 do apples, J & S Andrews; 6 do do, 2 do cider, J S Dinit; 11 bales hops, J White Jr; 10 s machines, Carson Bro; 2 pkgs mdse Mann & E; lot hides, Selbert & B; 1 car lime, T P Henderson; 2 bls eggs, J O'Brien; 1 do do, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 8 kegs butter, Haworth & D; 19 bdls hides, 10 rolls leather, J Callery & Co; 1 organ, Mellor & H.

PITTSBURGH White Lead and Color Works,

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

PROPRIETORS.

Manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, Sine Lead, Zincs, Litharge, Putty, and all colors, dry and in oil.

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We call the attention to the guaranteed posted on our strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a pure "Carbonate of Lead" we mean "Chemically Pure," that is, free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior both in color and covering power, guaranteed to be a Purer Carbonate of Lead only, manufactured to be the market, and forfeit the price of the package if containing the least adulteration. 1y726-TuF

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FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty. 7tf428

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their HEAD OFFICE,

1635 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY, being a synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 1627 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, address

DRS. JORDON & DAVIESON,
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"Long standing constitutional diseases skillfully treated and the effects of mercury completely eradicated.

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NO CHARGE UNTIL CURED.

Syphilis, Stricture, Orchits, Hernia and all Urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent restoration. Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness and impotency, is the result of self-abuse or excess in manhood years, and which produces some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory, and sexual power, as which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption. These diseases are thoroughly cured by means supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.

This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietor has made the treatment of Private and Special diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been restored to health and strength, no matter how difficult or long standing your case may be, if you will call. Medicines sent by mail or express, but where possible, it is best to visit the city for personal consultation, or address

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Having recently been appointed agents of the "National Fire" for this vicinity, we heartily recommend the Co. to all persons wanting reliable insurance. It has a solid and substantial basis and is managed with ability and prudence. It affords undoubted security

...EWS.

...Postage, October 12,... New Orleans, La., 1c; Miss...Tarentown, Pa., 3c; John ...icago, Ill., 3c; Mrs. N. Kerr, Rimers-Pa., 3c; E. Steiger, New York, N. Y., 3c; H. Rogers, New York, N. Y., 3c; Lloyd...ton & Co., New York, N. Y., 3c; Charles A. ...dorry, New York, N. Y., 3c.

Destructive Fire in the Oil Regions.

On Tuesday morning about five o'clock, a fire broke out in the town of St Petersburg, Pa., and before the flames could be subdued thirteen buildings were destroyed. The buildings destroyed consisted of six dwelling houses, one tavern, two saloons, a bakery, a carpenter shop and a shoe shop, and a tin store, and the total loss amounted to about $12,600. Immediately after the fire the citizens, with commendable discretion, called a meeting and organized a fire and hook and ladder company.

Found Dead.

Yesterday morning a man named Hamilton was found dead in his house on Hemlock street, Allegheny. He had been ill for some time and it is supposed that death resulted from a lack of proper attention and medical assistance. His wife was in the Work House at the time of his death, and Mayor Callow sent a request to Superintendent Cordier to release her that she might attend the funeral. It is stated that the owner of the house in which the sick man lay, seized upon the furniture, and even the bed, to pay the rent. Coroner West has been notified and the inquest may disclose the particulars of the case.

A Man of Many Warrants.

If there is any virtue in warrants Wm. Henry ought very soon to be brought to justice. At present there are no less than five of these the present writing in the hands of the police. Each of these is for a different offense, but one and all charge Henry with robbing his residence and committing assault and battery upon deponents wife. It is alleged that on the 5th of September the accused entered Mr. H.'s residence and stole from the bureau drawer money to the amount of twelve dollars. Mrs. H. discovering the intruder and tried to capture him, when he knocked her down, kicked her and made his escape.

THE HARTRANFT CLUB.

A Parade Through the City.—A Visit to Allegheny.—A Serenade to Judge Shannon.—Speeches by Judge Shannon and Hon. J. S. Graham.

That fine organization, the Hartranft Club may very appropriately feel elated over the result of the election which placed their favorite candidate, by so handsome a majority, at the head of our State Government. Last evening about one hundred and fifty of the members of the club turned out and headed by the Great Western Band, marched through the lower streets of the city, and then crossed the suspension bridge, into Allegheny. The club was received with complimentary cheers and applause all along the route, and particularly so on the North Side.

The Club marched to the residence of P. C. Shannon, on the corner of Irwin and Ridge avenues, and proceeded to serenade the Judge appeared and spoke as follows:

CAPT. J. B. MOORE, AND GENTLEMEN OF THE HARTRANFT CLUB:—I most heartily thank you for this compliment, and cheerfully join in this your celebration of the victory of last Tuesday. You deserve congratulations for the zeal and efficient services you have rendered in the election of the distinguished citizen whose name you adopted as a suitable and fitting one for your Club. At the beginning of the active campaign in this county, you were impressed with the correct idea that the least hazardous, and the surest way to elect General Grant was to maintain a firm prosperous and compact administration of the national government of this Commonwealth. Many of you were soldiers; and you learned in rough service, that, two great battles were to be fought. It would be supreme folly to allow the first triumph to perch on the banners of the enemy. In this you were right. His success was acknowledged. For with the great triumph just achieved, dismay and consternation have been sent into the camp of the opposition. Their boastful squadrons have been pierced and crushed. Their citadels and strongholds have been entered; and with the cheers and songs of Republican victory echoing and resounding throughout the Keystone State, you perceive that the Goddess of Liberty, in the magnificence of the first vigorous charge, are flying from the field, paralyzed, drooping, and disappointed.

But in choosing your name, you felt that the honor of a brave soldier, so ruthlessly spurned by his interested enemies, should be vindicated. In this, too, you were right. For the ballots of twenty-five thousand voters in Allegheny county, and of three hundred and fifty thousand freemen of the commonwealth—attest that, after a long and patient hearing in the great political court of the people, the fair name and fame of Gen. Hartranft have been abundantly cleared, by elevating him to the highest office in the gift of the people of his native State. A party with a mission of charity on its lips, towards rebels—exemplified its doctrines by a merciless persecution and by an almost satanic hatred toward a heroic defender of the flag of the Union.

I observe within your ranks a number of gentlemen who, until your organization, had acted with the opposite party. To these, more than ordinary thanks are due, and I accord to that just praise to which their manly conduct entitled. Our *Arend Courier* to Washington has the news of 35,000 majority in this State for Gen. Hartranft, of which 9,000 belongs to this Republican city.

But, gentlemen, let me entreat you to keep up your organization. No matter how much the opposition may be routed and demoralised, let us keep steadily on in the path of duty, turning neither to the right nor to the left—with no slumbering on our parts—until on the fifth of November we shall show to the world the march of Republican principles and the approbation of the civil policy of the illustrious President—General Grant.

After the speech of Judge Shannon, Hon. J. L. Graham, who was noticed in the crowd, was loudly called for, and responded in a short address. The Club then returned to the city, and repaired to headquarters where they disbanded.

BREVITIES

....On Monday Messrs. Ramsey & McFall will commence the issue of a one cent daily paper, called the *Evening Bulletin*.

....The track of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway, which was removed on Seventh avenue on account of the sewer, is being relaid.

....The house of the South Pittsburgh Hose Company has been moved from the middle of Carson street, and horse cars now navigate that thoroughfare unobstructed.

....The men who have no more regard for the feelings of others than to expose for sale sodawater and ice cream such weather as this should be looked after by the police.

....R. Kelly, and insane man who escaped from Dixmont, and who has been in the Allegheny lock-up during the past few days, was taken back to Dixmont yesterday afternoon.

....Charles Jessup, who was shot on Wednesday at Fairview by Jacob Hart, was yesterday much worse and there seems but little prospect of his recovery. Hart has not yet been arrested.

....A man who evidently never heard of such a thing as a newspaper, was victimized to the amount of ten dollars, a day or two ago, on a Brownsville boat, by the time worn confidence game.

....Judge Shannon was complimented last evening at his residence, in Allegheny, by a serenade from the Hartranft Club. The club in its parade through the streets presented a very handsome appearance.

....The Art Association does not feel encouraged to give a fall exhibition as the late one involved a heavy loss to the treasury. It is probable, however that the usual winter exposition will be held.

....Yesterday afternoon a little son of Wm. Brown, living on Federal street, Allegheny, fell from the fence, and struck his head against a hoe, inflicting a scalp wound. A physician was called and dressed the wound.

....A meeting of the Grand Central Colored Club was held last evening in the Franklin street school house. John Hatfield tendered his resignation as Captain of the club, which was accepted, and the President appointed D. C. Barton to fill the vacancy.

....The Sixteenth Ward Grant Club will meet at their Wigwam this evening to make arrangements for a grand jubilee to be held some time next week in honor of the election. The affair will be conducted in a wholesale manner, consisting of supper, speeches and music; the jubilee to culminate in a grand dance.

....On Wednesday evening William Cole, who lived near Verner station, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, was killed near Lelands station. It is supposed that he was sitting or walking on the track at the time of the fatal accident. He was thirty years of age, and had a wife and family. He had been employed in a rolling mill in Lawrenceville.

....Detective Wilmot has not yet been able to find Mrs. Jane Whetsell, for whom a large fortune is in waiting in Ohio, though he is said that he has approached so near the object of his search as to learn that she stopped at a hotel in this city about six years ago, and this discovery no doubt encourages him to the belief that success will soon crown his efforts.

....The sixteenth Ward Grant Club will meet at the Wigwam this (Saturday) evening, for the purpose of making arrangements for a grand jubilee on the head of the great Republican victory in Pennsylvania. The jubilee will take place some time next week. Every member of the club should be present this evening and strive to make the jubilee a success in every respect.

....The new Water Works are progressing favorably. The following statement of the amount of work done during the month of September is furnished by Mr. Ross, Secretary to the Water Commission: The earth excavation during the month were as follows: Hiland avenue, 21,700 cubic yards; Brilliant Hill, 8,330 cubic yards. The total amount of excavations is as follows: Hiland avenue, 55,305 cubic yards; Brilliant Hill, 22,610 cubic yards. The total expenditures then for are as follows: Highland avenue, $13,457 36; Brilliant Hill, $5,949 04.

Leetsdale.

This afternoon, 119 handsome lots belonging to U. S. building and Loan Association, will be sold at public sale upon the premises.

You are invited to attend the sale, the trip will be a pleasant one and it will cost you nothing.

The Train will leave the Allegheny Depot at 12½ o'clock, P. M., on Saturday, the 12th day of October, 1872, and Free Excursion Tickets will be furnished at the cars, to persons desiring to be present.

For Sale.—A good family horse, dark bay, black mane and tail, six years old last June; will stand locksmithe, and can be driven by a boy ten years old; will be sold for want of use. Apply to-day at GAZETTE counting-room.

Prof. Campbell's Select School for Boys, Second floor Lyceum Block, No. 101 Fedeal street, Allegheny, is receiving a liberal share of public patronage. Instruction thorough. Tuition moderate. TTSSU

Beautiful Lawn and Parlor Vases, Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, &c., for sale at the new Queen Cotta store by James Miller, No. 45 Federal street, Allegheny.

DISASTROUS CONFLAGRATION.

A Terrible Conflagration in the Eighth Ward, Allegheny—Hartjie, Wylie & Co.'s Pottery and Enamel Works, Callery's Tannery and Fifteen Tenement Houses Visited by the Fiery Element—Loss Estimated at About $200,000—Partial Insurance—A Large Number of Families Left Homeless.

At a late hour last evening an exceedingly destructive fire broke out in the Eighth ward, Allegheny, which has resulted in the destruction of two important manufacturing establishments and the burning out of some fifteen poor families.

The place where the fire occurred is located between River avenue and the West Penn railroad above Pine street, Eighth ward, Allegheny. The conflagration is supposed to have originated in the neighborhood of one of the boilers of Hartje, Wylie & Co.'s Pottery, Foundry and Enamel Works, but the cause is not, as yet, definitely known. The fire was first discovered by the watchman at this establishment, and he reports that between eight and nine o'clock he made his usual round through the works and discovered everything to be in order. As soon as he discovered the fire he gave the alarm, but before the fire department could respond, although they were as prompt as usual, the flames had communicated to fifteen tenament houses—three brick and two frame belonging to James Callery, whose extensive tannery was also visited by the devouring elements.

The property destroyed is variously estimated at from one hundred and fifty to two hundred thousand dollars by far the greater portion of the loss being sustained by Hartjie, Wylie & Co. The tenement houses were insured for $5,000, but the loss upon them is estimated at about $10,000. The inmates of the houses saved most of their furniture but in the confusion a large amount of household furniture was damaged by water.

The loss on the property of Messrs. Hartje, Wylie & Co., is estimated by some good judges at $200,000. Upon this it is stated there is an insurance of some $60,000 mostly in eastern companies. Mr. Callery's loss will be heavy but it is partially covered by insurance.

The fire department worked actively and had it not been for their exertions a large number of houses in the vicinity of the scene of the conflagration would have been destroyed. At midnight the engines were still on the ground and the indications were that the flames would spread no further.

POLICE PARAGRAPHS.

Brief Mention of Criminalties.

MAYOR CALLOW yesterday disposed of five common cases. George Skelting was "sent up" for thirty days.

DANIEL J. DAVIS made information before Alderman O'Donnell, charging Charles Boyd with the larceny by bailee of three dollars. A warrant was issued.

JOHN MADDEN was fined twenty-five dollars and costs yesterday afternoon, for breaking furniture, upsetting the stove, and carrying on in a manner greatly detrimental to his household goods.

A. J. LAIRD yesterday made information before Alderman McMasters, charging Peter McDonald and Mrs. McDonald with the larceny of a Covenet, valued at $7. Warrants was issued for their arrest.

BEFORE Alderman O'Donnell, Ann Weaver charges Abraham Zimmerman with assault and battery in attacking her and choking her, and also with the surety of the peace, in threatening to shoot her. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

BEFORE Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, Casker Kolhouse made information charging a man named Smith with false pretense in purchasing a load of crocks from the complainant, and afterwards refusing to pay for them or return them. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

ELLEN JONES complains that Mary Daugherty and Agnes Anders have treated her cruelly by pulling her hair, punching her head and other emphatic expressions of their regard. An "invite" was issued, requesting the presence of the two ladies at the office of Alderman McMasters.

JOHN MADDEN charges John Fleming with assault and battery, and also with malicious mischief in breaking his stove and furniture. Alderman O'Donnell issued a warrant and the defendant was arrested and committed in default of bail for a hearing. The parties reside in Allegheny.

LUCY OWENS yesterday made information before Alderman McMasters, charging her husband, Chas. Owens, with abandonment and desertion. The parties reside in Wilkins township, and the defendant alleges that her husband has deserted her and refused to contribute the support of herself and little child.

Just After the Battle.

Persons passing up and down Fifth avenue have been struck with the stir and excitement in a certain locality between Fifth avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets. Indeed many times our reporter has been compelled to take to the street, the sidewalk about the locality being completely besieged, and the cause for hooting at a time. Upon inquiry in the neighborhood (of Democratic Headquarters) we have two solutions of the trouble; the first of which is (we hope its not, but) that Col. Jack Hartranft Headquarters, in the immediate neighborhood, was going to move in across the street, but this was found to be untrue, as the aforesaid don't intend moving at all. But, after a thorough and exhaustive investigation, we find the following to be the true cause of all the apparent excitement in the locality indicated above. We will preface by saying the terrible earnestness and excitement that has characterized the State election, which closed, together with the unearthly noises produced with bass drums, cymbals and other relics of barbarism, has driven the members of both parties, by common consent, to the only source from which they can expect any relief. It is scarcely necessary to inform the reader what this source is, as you have no doubt anticipated us, by answering *Taylor & Parley Celestee* Organs. The factor finds it the only instrument that can give expression to his hymns of gratitude and praise, while its sympathetic tones and the enchanting, celestial sweetness of its voiceing lures the vanquished from their sorrows. The proprietles, peculiar to the T. & C. Celestes Organs, are what have made them "*The Organ*," and we are safe in saying no organ is made something like them, but before. The excitement above referred to, we learn, is of almost daily occurrence, but especially noticeable since the election; the crowds of people going in and out through the front door and platform coming out of S. Hamilton & Co.'s fully attest the truth of our statements. But no wonder when we consider the character of the instrument and the immense stock and variety of styles, and the wonderful cheapness and easy terms on which you can buy. To be suited in an instrument you have only to call on

S. HAMILTON & CO., 51 Fifth avenue.
(Sign of Celestes.)

Franklin Fire Insurance Co. of Phila. Assets $3,255,748.25.
Phenix Ins. Company of Brooklyn, Assets $1,871,155.29.
Imperial Fire Ins. Co. London, Assets $10,000,000 Gold.
Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool, Assets $40,000,000 Gold.

We would say in presenting the claims of the above companies, that, their business not being confined to a limited territory, but covering at all desirable points throughout the country, they are less liable to be affected by losses of a local nature, which, to our local insurance interests too often prove disastrous.

Assuming even the magnitude of a Chicago calamity, their risks being well scattered, the receipts from numerous agencies soon equalize their losses, leaving their power to continue without impairment.

Judged by the standard of success they stand prominently forth as having been eminently successful from the date of their organization to the present time.

The above companies are represented in Pittsburgh by Messrs. Coffin, Kellogg & Co., corner of Third avenue and Wood Street, where applications for insurance will receive prompt attention.

McKain's Fur Repairing Establishment, No. 436 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Near Semple's Dry Goods House.

We would call the especial attention of the ladies to this establishment, where they can have their Muffs, Capes and Cuffs relined, or altered into any shape or style they may desire. Mothe-eaten furs repaired and all appearance of moth removed. You can have your old furs cleaned, all grease removed, which will make them look bright and new. We make all kinds of fancy Collars and Muffs, and do all manner of altering and fitting Furs. We also have on hands a fine selection of Silks, Satins, Tassels and Buttons, and all kinds of fur trimmings, to which we invite your attention.

By leaving your furs here, you will save from 50 to 75 cents on repairing Muffs.

Parties who have had their Furs repaired by us can testify to the quality of the material we use, and to the superior manner in which we do all work entrusted to us. 2t.

To-Day

The United States Building and Loan Association will sell at auction one hundred and nineteen large and beautiful lots at Leetsdale.

They will be sold cheaper than such lots can be purchased elsewhere, and the payments will be very easy.

You are invited to attend the sale. The trip will be a pleasant one and will cost you nothing.

A free excursion train will leave the Allegheny depot at 12½ o'clock.

In addition to the manufacture of carriages, wagons and all kinds of vehicles, specimens of 169 and 171 Penn avenue, at the Bazaar, Nos. 167, Davis give special attention to the repairing of vehicles and will attend to all work at their manufactory, Nos. 46 and 48 Arch street, Allegheny. Good work, low prices, and promptitudes in attending to orders are its characteristics.

The Singer

Sewing Machine is sold at $10 per month, and warranted for three years. Our interest not being second to that of the purchasers, we spare neither pains nor expense until the machines are thoroughly understood and used successfully.

R. STRAW & CO.
No. 10 Sixth street.

The Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon R. R. Co.

Will accommodate its lot buyers with regular trains running to and from the city every hour during the day at prices much below the usual fare charged on other railroads in traveling the same distance. All classes of workingmen need have no fears about being able to get to their place of business in time for the 7, 8 or 9 o'clock bell, and return with the same regularity from 4 o'clock up to half past 11 in the evening. This is a matter of the greatest importance to those who want to live in the country and do business in the city. The company's great auction sale of lots will take place on the 14th inst., and there will be excellent opportunities for speculation. See advertisement in daily papers.

The Florence.

"The Florence Sewing Machine has no superior in the market," is the unanimous testimony of all who have been purchasers. The excellencies of this machine, are, that it will answer for any kind of sewing, and has that great and additional merit of being so simple in construction, and running so easily that a new beginner spends but one fourth of the usual time in learning it. It's supplied with all the latest improvements in such machinery, and is guaranteed to work at all times when needed. The price of the Florence is quite moderate, so that no family need be without one. The general agency is at No. 8 Sixth street Messrs. Heckbert and McKaine.

A Desideratum.

It is not always the most expensive clothing that makes the best appearance, for a coat or other garment that is an ill fit though it be made of the finest broad cloth, will not look half as well as much inferior material which is well made. Young gentlemen who have patronized Mr. M. T. Heckert, No. 61 North Diamond street Allegheny, never have cause to grumble at the manner in which they are "suited" as it is the especial characteristic of Mr. Heckert in his business relations to let nothing go from his establishment that in price or in quality does not meet with the hearty endorsement of his patron.

The Result

Of all the trials to which Sewing Machines are subjected, is an unanimous verdict that the "Weed Family Favorite," has maintained its reputation unfarnished. No charge of "fraud" has ever been sustained against it. Always ready, always capable, and guaranteed to give the best satisfaction. An examination will be a satisfaction to you if you want to make a selection, and a favor to us, who are always ready to make a sale.

JOHN BROGART & SON,
116 Market street.

Holland Bulbs.

Messrs. Murdoch, 112 Smithfield street, have just opened the largest and finest lot of selected Holland Bulbs ever brought to Pittsburgh. These gentlemen deal direct with the growers, and can offer superior inducements to wholesale or retail purchasers. Give them a call.

Any of our readers having uninsured property should not hesitate or delay to have it fully covered by insurance. In taking out their policy we would suggest to them the preferable nature of our home companies, arising from the fact that very little difficulty is experienced in making themselves fully conversant with their affairs, while insuring in companies located abroad is virtually "taking a leap in the dark." Among the companies doing business in this vicinity there is no one we can more confidently endorse than the Teutonia, of Allegheny. Office, No. 206 East Ohio street, Henry F. Eggers, Secretary.

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The best Company in which to insure is that whose officers and directors are known to you, and the business of which is accessible for your inspection. This is the strong point in favor of taking out policies in such strong houses as the Teutonia of Allegheny, No. 206 E. Ohio st. F. Aggers, Secretary. If you want to know full particulars of the character of its business call at 206, East Ohio street, and get the desired information.

Second-Hand Organs and Pianos.

At S. Hamilton & Co's; must be sold to make room. Will be sold very low to first callers. Come and take them away at your own prices.

S. HAMILTON & CO.,
51 Fifth avenue.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

SUPREME COURT—JUDGES THOMPSON, READ, SHARSWOOD AND AGNEW.

Court met at 10 o'clock A. M.

Joel L. Bigham, of Pittsburgh, was, on motion of C. B. M. Smith, Esq., duly qualified and admitted to practice as an attorney of this Court.

The following cases were disposed of:

McGinniss vs. Sawyer; argument continued by Fetterman for defendant error, Large *contra*.

Semple & Pennock vs. Harchison, C. P.; argued by D. F. Watson for plaintiff in error, Marshall & Patterson *contra*.

Bradstreet vs. Everson, Preston & Co., C. P.; argued by Woodward for plaintiff in error, and Acheson *contra*.

Scott vs. Noble; argued by Bell for plaintiff in error, Burgwin *contra*.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE COLLIER.

The following business was transacted in the Court yesterday:

In the case of Patrick Devlin and George Snyder indicted for malicious mischief in destroying a seine, the property of Thomas McQuiston, the Jury found a verdict of not guilty and the defendants to pay the costs.

The next case taken up was that of Thomas Jones, indicted for assault and battery with intent to commit rape, Margaret Jenkins prosecutrix. The offense was alleged to have been committed in Birmingham the 24th of August last. The defendant plead guilty to the charge of assault and battery and the plea was accepted.

A case of rape was on trial in which the same prosecutrix, Margaret Jenkins, appeared against Oliver Jones. The offense was alleged to have been committed in Birmingham at the school house on the night of August 26th. One trial.

In this Court the following cases were disposed of:

Mary Blue, charged with adultery, was acquitted by the jury but was directed to pay the costs.

Wm. Devlin and George Snyder were tried on an indictment for malicious mischief. The jury found a verdict of not guilty but directed the defendants to pay the costs.

Thomas Jones was indicted for committing an assault and battery with intent to commit rape upon Margaret Jenkins. On trial.

Trial List For To-Day.

Commonwealth *vs.*	
Julian Gramantine,	Michael Laffey et. al.
John Fox,	Mary Moon,
Henry DeBoer,	D. W. Wright,
Jacob Rhule,	James Whitfield et al.,
Wm. Franz,	John Mehen, (2)
John Trimble,	Steven Yahey,
Fred. Breuinger et. al.,	Fred. Burehman.

Beautify Your Homes.

Home, of all the places in the world, should be the most attractive, and we know of no better plan to bring about this desideratum in many homes of Pittsburgh than to visit the new establishment of Messrs. H. J. Felber & Co., No. 169 Smithfield street, and select an assortment of household articles without which no home can be complete. This firm, composed of Messrs. H. J. Felber and Gust Kapphahn, is one of the youngest and most enterprising in our community, and is engaged in the China, Glass and Queensware trade. They occupy the entire building, and have ample facilities for every requirement of their business. The stock on hand is fresh, and embraces every variety of goods in their line, from a tiny toy cup to the most elegant china, the greater portion having been recently imported and a part especially selected for the approaching holiday trade by Mr. Felber, the senior member of the firm. They have especial arrangements for importing direct from Europe from the manufacturers, and consequently are enabled to offer as great inducements in goods and in prices as any house in Western Pennsylvania, a fact which should be borne in mind particularly by those who buy to sell again.

One of the specialties in their trade is the importation direct from France of glass globes and shades, of which they keep constantly on hand a full assortment of all sizes, which is not the case with any other house in the city.

Another feature to which they give particular attention is the decorating department in which they execute this beautiful work in almost every conceivable pattern on whole sets or single pieces of China, Glass or Queensware. The work is done under their personal supervision and as Mr. Felber is the only house in the city that has full facilities for such work, they are destined to monopolize the trade. They can match any pattern, and when an article of a set is broken it can be replaced,—a fact that we saw exemplified in several instances during a brief run through the house yesterday.

In fact they are prepared to accommodate patrons with everything in their line, from a stock, the varieties and beauty of which it would be bewildering to enumerate; suffice it to say, that from personal examination we are satisfied nowhere in the city can our friends secure greater advantages in purchasing China, Glass or Queensware, or the thousand little knick-nacks which add so much to household ornamentation, than at the house of Messrs. H. J. Felber & Co., 169 Smithfield street.

A Grand House.

The patronage bestowed upon the Boston One Price Clothing Store has been so great that it has been found necessary to open a branch establishment at No. 178 Federal street, Allegheny, for the accommodation of customers on the North Side. The quality of the goods and the wonderfully low prices at which they are sold, have had the legitimate effect, and the business has been so great that the house on the Pittsburgh side was not sufficient to accommodate all. With both houses running, at 95 Smithfield street and at 178 Federal street, patrons perhaps can now be accommodated.

Just now the Boston stores contain a fine, fresh lot of fall goods, comprising heavy business and dress suits, and overcoats for the season, which they are selling at the same rates proportionately as those which have made the Boston One Price House so popular during the past summer. If you want cheap goods and good goods, call at either one of their houses.

A Delightful Surprise.

Ladies whose faces are clouded by superficial discolorations, and who have resolved to try HAGAR'S MAGNOLIA BALM as a remedy, have no idea of the welcome surprise they will receive from their mirrors after a few applications of that healthful purifier of the complexion. If at all excitable, they will scream with rapture on beholding the change; whether the blemish it is desired to remove be sallowness, blotches, pimples, freckles, roughness, or an unnatural pallor, it is bound to disappear under the tonic operation of this wonderful agent. To say that the blemish disappears, does not, however, convey any idea of the effect produced by the celebrated beautifier. The insightly tinge, whether diffused over the whole countenance or in spots, or patches, is replaced by a uniform, pearly bloom, to which no description can do justice.

T-TH-S-8

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FATALLY INJURED.

A Young Man Shoots Himself.—An Accident or an Attempted Suicide?

On Thursday night about ten o'clock Martin Honan, a barkeeper at McGovern's Hotel, corner of Eleventh and Penn streets, was fatally injured by the discharge of a pistol in his own hands, though whether the wound was inflicted accidently or with the intention of committing suicide is not known. At the time mentioned he walked behind the bar where another barkeeper was sitting, and took up a revolver which was lying upon the shelf. While handling it, evidently rather carelessly, it was discharged and the ball entered the pit of his stomach. He walked around the bar and sat down on a chair Dr. Donnelly was summoned and afterwards Drs. Todd and Wolters. They first attempted to probe the wound, but shortly found that course would be dangerous, and that it would be impossible to extract the ball.

Yesterday Honan was still conscious, though he was unable to explain exactly how the accident happened—if accident it was. On Thursday he had heard of the death of his father, which took place in Ireland, and since then young Honan has seemed in rather low spirits. The injured man is about twenty-two years of age, and resided with Mrs. Kelly, at No. 64 Seventh avenue. He has no relations living in this city except one married brother.

Last night Honan was still conscious, and talked some little. He complained of experiencing severe pains in his chest, and his physicians think that he cannot recover.

Fine Silverware.

Mr. Samuel M. Orr, the Allegheny jeweler, makes a specialty of always keeping a fine selection of silverware, on hand, comprising articles for table use or for home ornamentation. He has just now a very choice stock of these goods, in many new and unique patterns and of the finest manufacture, which he offers at the very lowest prices, consistent with the quality of the goods. Ladies who are desirous of replenishing their stock of silverware will find Mr. Orr's assortment especially attractive.

The gentleman also pays attention to watch and clock making, and repairing in all its branches, and will not be excelled either in price or in quality of the work. His place is at No. 114 Federal street, Allegheny.

Always Ahead—The popular carriage builders and dealers, Messrs. Workman & Davis, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street, below Sixth, have on hand a fine assortment of carriages, buggies, etc., to which the attention of purchasers is invited. They likewise have the facilities and pay special attention to repairs. Those who have been in the habit of going East for articles in this line, should at least visit this extensive emporium and examine wares and prices, which are guaranteed to be equal, if not superior, to Eastern manufacture. This firm construct to order on short notice any kind of vehicle that may be desired. Remember the place, 167, 169 and 171 Penn street.

The Teutonia Insurance Company of Allegheny, though one of the youngest, is justly considered one of the strongest of our home companies. Its stockholders represent some of our heaviest capitalists and business men, and the promptitude with which it has adjusted all losses heretofore, has given the greatest satisfaction to the policy holders as well as given the stronger hold on the community. The office is at 206East Ohio Street.

The shrewd business man, as well as the sensible owner of a home, no longer doubts the "morality" of fire insurance; this fallacy exploded, he or they should be informed as to what is the safest of the many companies seeking the business of the prudent owner of insurable commodities. Among these is the Teutonia of Allegheny. Its past history is a guarantee of its future success. Office 206 East Ohio street, Allegheny.

Homestead Terrace at Private Sale.

A few Lots of this beatifully situated property at Sandy Creek Station, A. V. R. R., will be sold to first purchasers, for much less than is being paid for inferior Lots at a greater distance from the city. For free transportation call at the Homestead Bank, 116 Smithfield street. tf

"Dear Araminta,

Where did you get that exquisite collar?"

"Where—why where else could I get it but at Rosenbaum & Fleishman's. They have the nicest and sweetest assortment of new goods you ever saw. You know the number, 76 Market street."

The claim is not made that the American Button-hole and Overseaming Sewing Machine is so perfect that it would be impossible in all future ages to improve upon it, but the claim is made that no other machine in the market can do such a variety of sewing and do it as well. The experience of hundreds of purchasers is the sufficient proof that the "American" is all that is claimed for it. If you want a first-class sewing machine for a reasonable price call upon the agent, Mr. James Espy, No. 178 Liberty street.

Imported Wines,
Fine Champagnes,
Dinner Ales and Porter,
Medicinal Liquors,
Fine old Gins,
Monongahela Whisky,
Irish and Scotch Whiskys,
Imported Rums,

and a full line of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors in packages to suit purchasers, at the importing house of James K. Lanahan, 4 and 6 Diamond alley. Liberal discount to dealers by mail or telegraph are promptly attended to, and shipments are carefully made to all parts of the country.

Do You

Want a rare bargain in either Piano or Organ, new or second hand? If so go at once to S. Hamilton & Co., as they have just opened an immense stock of new first-class instruments, which they will sell at a very small advance on cost for cash, or easy monthly payments; better go to day to

S. HAMILTON & CO.,
51 Fifth avenue

The best time to purchase a carriage or buggy is the time when you are in need of any one of these vehicles—and to persons travelling around out doors these days, now is the time, particularly to make the purchase. And the place is Workman & Davis, Nos. 167, 169, and 171 Penn avenue. They have a fine stock on hand, and in prices and quality of work can offer as great inducements as any establishment of the character East or West.

Business suits for fall wear, and made a specialty at William Hespenheide & Co.'s, No. 50 Sixth street. A new lot of cloths for the purpose have just been laid in, and they are now prepared to fill all orders without delay. Hespenheide's business suits have gained such a reputation heretofore, that nothing is necessary but to make the announcement that he is ready to fill fall orders.

"Why do I like the American Buttonhole and Overseaming Machine," said one lady to another. "Why, I like it because I have had one in my house for a year and it's always ready for work and is never out of order. It's cheap, too, in comparison with some of the others, not half as much. Indeed it is. She purchased the American at the agency No. 178 Liberty street. Mr. James Espy General Agent.

Homestead Park
At Private Sale.

This magnificent suburb on Pan Handle R. R., is now being extensively improved. A few choice building Sites will be sold to first purchasers for much less than they will bring at auction. For free transportation to and from the Park, call at the Homestead Bank, 116 Smithfield street. tf

The recent clean sweep in the State, which resulted so gloriously for Gen. Hartranft, has only its counterpart in the sweep, which can be made with Mardorf's corn brooms—the wonder of the age among housekeepers. Mardorf is constantly engaged in their manufacture, and supplies all grocers with them. Ask for a Mardorf, and you will never have another.

No More Smoky Chimneys.

The Gothic Ventilator and Chimney Top is guaranteed to cure them. Lacock, Hawthorne & Co., are agents for Allegheny county. Call and see it at their store, No. 47 Federal street, Allegheny. TS

Pyle's O. K. Soap is the best family soap in use. Ladies who once become accustomed to the use of this soap will never use any other. Buy, try and con pare. H. Bowers, Agent.
D&wtf P. O. box 210, Rome, New York.

One of the most wearisome matters connected with sewing by hand is the making of buttons-holes. The patent attachment to the "American Over-seaming Machine" dispenses with all this labor. No other machine has the patent attachment. Get the best. Get an American from the agent, Mr. James Espy, No. 178 Liberty street.

Messrs. Lacock, Hawthorn & Co., at No. 47 Federal street, Allegheny, are now offering special inducements to parties desiring cook stoves. Their stock is complete, comprising various styles. Families desiring anything in this line will do well to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere. 72

The Great Law of change is written on everything, and, in a measure, all are subject to it, but the only change that ever gains ground at Lou Green's Central Shaving Saloon, Central Hotel, is something that will improve it, and make his patrons again wonder at the fertility of resources used for their accommodation.

Mr. James K. Lanahan, the well known importer of foreign wines and liquors, No. 355 Liberty street, has just received a large invoice of champagnes, brandies and wines, to which he invites the attention of the public. The stock is large and varied and is conspicuous for the fineness of the brands and the reasonable prices at which offered.

Better to buy an over-coat at once than to pay the doctor's bills that will surely be the result of needless exposure. The over-coats for sale at the Boston One Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street, and 178 Federal street, Allegheny, are sold for comparatively a mere song.

The coming season of opera, lectures and the drama, promises to be universally brilliant but no lady can fully enjoy it unless she does like her ne